# LEABHARLANN CHOLÁISTE NA TRÍONÓIDE, BAILE ÁTHA CLIATH Ollscoil Átha Cliath

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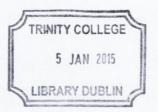
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# Text-to-Speech Synthesis in Computer-Assisted Language Learning for Irish: Development and Evaluation

Neasa Ní Chiaráin

Volume 2

Thesis submitted for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy
School of Linguistic, Speech and Communication Sciences
Trinity College, Dublin



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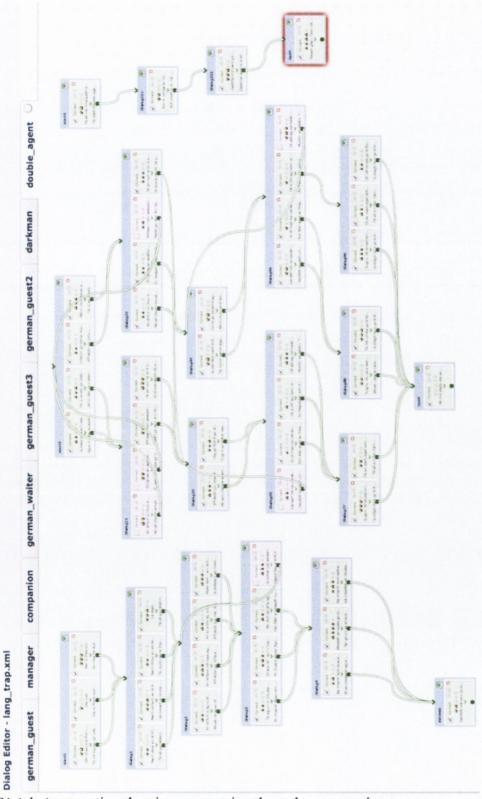
Neasa Ní Chiaráin, September 2014

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# Appendix A

# A1: Digichaint Development



Digichaint narrative showing progression through conversation turns

## A2: Fáilte go TCD

## **Transcript of Scene in Front Square**

Cailín: Bhí mé ag smaoineamh ar dhul go Meirceá an samhradh seo chun obair a fháil, ach anois ní gá dom. Fuair mé post inné –

Fear 1: Ó...

Cailín: treoraí le comhlacht turasóireachta – tá mé ar bís mar gheall air mar tá airgead maith le déanamh air agus beidh mé ag dul timpeall na tíre chun na háiteanna suimiúla ar fad a fheiceáil – go Tír Chonaill, Corcaigh, Cill Airne, Port Láirge agus cá bhfios cé na háiteanna eile. Tá mé ag dréim go mór le bheith ag dul trasna na tíre

Fear 1: Muise, fair play dhuit

Cailín: Agus – rud eile – caithfidh mé tosú Dé Sathairn seo chugainn – tá grúpa de 120 Seapánach ag teacht agus fágadh fúmsa é Baile Átha Cliath a thaispeáint dóibh. Tugadh cead dom beirt a fhostú chun cabhrú liom Dé Sathairn – tá an grúpa rómhór do threoraí amháin – an mbeadh aon spéis agaibhse sa phost? Íocann siad 100euro don lá.

Fear 1: Cinnte, bheadh spéis agamsa ina leithéid – an t-aon fhadhb atá agam ná go bhfuilim le bheith ag imirt cluiche go meánlae Dé Sathairn. An gceapann tú go mbeadh obair réasúnta leanúnach ar fáil leis an gcomhlacht seo? Dá mbeadh, ní bhacfainn leis an gcluiche. Caithfidh mé teacht ar airgead an samhradh seo – ní bheidh mé ábalta teacht ar ais go dtí an coláiste seo an bhliain seo chugainn muna mbíonn airgead agam.

Cailín: Bhuel, ní féidir liom aon gheallúint a thabhairt, ach deir siad go bhfuil go leor leor cuairteoirí le bheith ag teacht go dtí an tír seo i mbliana – tá go leor daoine le bheith ag teacht ó Mhór-Roinn na hEorpa – beidh ga le treoraithe le teangacha éagsúla.

Fear 2: Bheadh an-spéis agamsa ann. Tá Fraincís líofa agam agus tá Spáinnis réasúnta maith agam chomh maith. Is ón Fhrainc mo mháthair agus Fraincis a labhair sí linn sa bhaile nuair a bhíomar óg. Bheadh an-spéis agam teangacha éagsúla a úsáid agus is beag rud nach bhfuil ar eolas agam faoin tír seo. Ceapaim go mbeinn an-oiriúnach don chineál seo oibre. Tá sé thar a bheith tábhachtach go bhfaigheadh cuairteoirí ar an tír seo léargas maith uirthi – tá íomhá na tíre ag brath ar a leithéid seo.

# **Aural Comprehension Test Questions:**

- 1. Cén fáth nach bhfuil cainteoir 1 ag dul go Meirceá? / Why is speaker 1 not going to
- 2. Cén lá a bheidh sí ag tosú ina post nua? / What day will she start her new job?
- 3. Cén plean a bhí ag an dara cainteoir don Satharn? / What plan had speaker 2 for

Saturday?

- 4. Cén fáth a bhfuil spéis ag cainteoir 2 sa phost? / Why is Speaker 2 interested in the job?
- 5. Cén teanga a labhair cainteoir 3 sa bhaile lena mháthair nuair a bhí sé óg? / What language did speaker 3 speak to his mother when he was young?

## **Translation of Transcription:**

Girl: I was thinking of getting work in America this summer, but now I don't need to. I got a job yesterday –

Guy 1: Oh...

Girl: a tour guide with a tour company – I'm delighted with it because you can make good money at it and I'll be going around the country visiting lots of interesting places – Donegal, Cork, Killarney, Waterford, and who knows what other places. I'm really looking forward to travelling around the country

Guy 1: Well, fair play to you

Cailín: And – another thing – I have to start next Saturday – there's a group of 120 Japanese coming and it's up to me to show them around Dublin. I'm allowed to employ two more people to help me on Saturday – the group is too big for one tour guide – would either of you be interested in the job? They pay 100euro for the day.

Guy 1: Sure, I'd be interested – the only problem I have is that I'm supposed to be playing a match that goes on until midday Saturday. Do you think there'd be reasonably regular work available with this company? If there were, I wouldn't bother with the match. I have to make some money this summer – I won't be able to come back to this college next year if I don't have money.

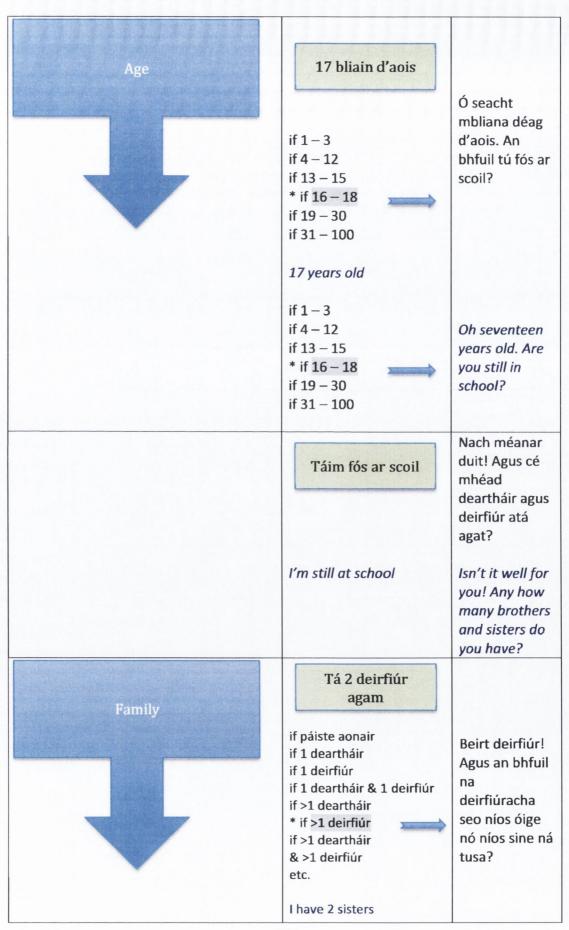
Cailín: Well, I can't make any promises, but they do tell me that they're expecting a lot of visitors to this country this year – there are a lot of people expected from mainland Europe – they'll need tourguides with various different languages.

Guy 2: I would be very interested in it. I speak fluent French and I have reasonably good Spanish too. My mother's French and she spoke French to us when we were young. I would love to use the various languages I have and there is little I don't know about this country. I think I'd be very suitable for this type of work. It's crucial that visitors to the country get a good impression of it – the country's image is depending on this kind of thing.

# A3: Taidhgín

A sample conversation between a student and *Taidhgín* is included here showing one possible path through the Taidhgín system. The student (middle column) begins the conversation and Taidhgín's responses are in the 3<sup>rd</sup> column.

General Topics	Sample Student Input	Taidhgín's Responses
Greeting	Dia Dhuit Hello	Dia is Muire dhuit, cén chaoi a bhfuil tú? Hello, how are you?
	Go maith, go raibh maith agat Great, thanks	Tá sé sin go maith! Cén t- ainm atá ort? That's good! What's your name?
Name	[AINM] is ainm dom	Deas bualadh leat, a [AINM]! Cén aois thú?
	[NAME] is my name	Nice to meet you [NAME]! What age are you?



	if only child if 1 brother if 1 sister if 1 brother & 1 sister if >1 brother * if >1 sister if >1 sister if >1 sister etc.	Two sisters! And are these sisters younger or older than you?
	Tá siad níos óige ná mé	Nach deas é sin! Agus, cá bhful tú i do chónaí?
	They're younger than me	Isn't that nice! And, where are you living?
Place of Residence	i mBaile Átha Cliath  * if Baile Átha Cliath if Contae X if X etc.	Cén chuid de Bhaile Átha Cliath? Táimse i gColáiste na Tríonóide!
	if Dublin if County X if X etc.	What part of Dublin? I'm in Trinity College!
	i nDroim Conrach	Is deas an ceantar é sin ceart go leor! Céard a bhíonn agat mar chaitheamh aimsire ann?
	Drumcondra	That's a nice area alright! What hobbies have you there?

Hobbies	<u>Imrím</u> peil	
	if imirt if seinnt if léamh if éisteacht if téigh if gan caitheamh aimsire if X etc.	Cén club lena bhfuil tú?
	I play football  If play (sport)  If play (music)  If read  If listen  If go  If without hobby  If X  etc.	What club are you with?
	Imrím leis an gclub áitiúil - Na Fianna	Tá sé sin suimiúil! An bhfuil a fhios agat, níl aon rud is fearr liomsa ná taisteal! An maith leat féin taisteal?
	I play with the local club – Na Fianna	That's interesting! Do you know something, I prefer nothing more than travelling! Do you like travelling?
	Is breá liom taisteal	Inis dom faoi na laethanta saoire ab fhearr a bhí agat riamh

	I love travelling	Tell me about the best holidays you've ever had
Travel/Holidays	Chuamar go dtí an Spáinn anuraidh  if chaith if chuaigh if d'eitil if d'fhan if d'imigh if X etc.  We went to Spain last year  if spent if went if flew if stayed if departed if X	An ndeachaigh? Bíonn sé go deas imeacht mar sin anois is arís. An mbeadh fonn ort dul ar ais?  Did you (go)? It's nice to go away like that every now and then. Would you like to go back there?
	Ba bhreá liom cuairt a thabhairt ar an Spáinn arís	Ní bhfuaireas féin laethanta saoire riamh i mo shaol! An bhfuil a fhios agat, caithfidh mise bailiú liom! Tá mol mór oibre le déanamh fós agam!
	I would love to visit Spain again	I never got a holiday ever in my life! Do you know something, I have to head

		off! I've a pile of work still to do!
Closing	Ceart go leor – go n-éirí leat mar sin Ok – good luck so	Bhí sé an deas labhairt leat, a [AINM]. It was very nice to talk to you [NAME].
	Slán go fóill	Slán, a [AINM], ba dheas bualadh leat!
	Bye for now	Bye [NAME], it was nice to meet you!

Taidhgín can also answer questions from pupils on any of the above topics – e.g.: Learner: Taidhgín: Is mise Taidhgín – an chéad Cé thusa? róbat le Gaeilge. **Human Asks** Tá súil agam go mbeidh glúnta eile robait le Gaeilge ag teacht i mo dhiaidh! ...An bhfuil aon cheist eile agat? I'm Taidhgín – the Who are you? first robot that speaks Irish. I hope there will be generations of Irish-speaking robots coming after me! ...Do you have any other question?

# Appendix B

## **B1: Teacher Pre-Test Questionnaire**

(Screenshot)



Ceistneoir Céim 1 as 5



#### A mhúinteoir,

Táimid an-bhuíoch díot as páirt a ghlacadh sa taighde seo. Táimid ag díriú anseo ar ghuthanna sintéiseacha (cruthaithe mar chuid den tionscadal ABAIR.IE) agus a n-úsáid i gcluichí idirghníomhacha atá curtha in oiriúint go speisialta do mhúineadh/d'fhoghlaim na Gaeilge.

Tá ceithre chéim sa mhéid a leanas:

- (1) líon isteach réamh-cheistneoir chun eolas ginearálta a thabhairt dúinn fút féin;
- (2) féach ar fhíseán a thaispeánann 3 nóiméad den cluiche duit (dalta á imirt):
- (3) ar an leathanach céanna leis an bhfíseán tá 20 ceist le freagairt

(an aidhm atá anseo againn ná féachaint an bhfuil na habairtí a roghnaíomar intuigthe å cé chomh héasca is atá sé iad a thusicint)

(4) líon isteach ceistneoir eile chun do chuid tuairimí faoi na guthanna a thabhairt dúinn.

Beidh do chuid tuairimí an-tábhachtach dúinn agus sinn ag pleanáil bogearraí nua d'fhoghlaimeoirí Gaeilge.

Cliceáil thíos chun tuilleadh eolais a fháil ar:

+ Guthanna Sintéiseacha

+ Treoracha don Cheistneoir

+ An Fiseán

Ba cheart go dtógfadh sé tuairim is 20 nóiméad an ceistneoir seo a líonadh isteach. Má bhíonn aon cheist agaibh faoi aon ghné den obair seo ní gá ach rphost a sheoladh chuig nichiarn@tcd.ie.

Go raibh míle maith agaibhl

Neasa Ní Chiaráin

Taighdeoir, An tSaotharlann Urlabhra & Foghraíochta, Coláiste na Tríonóide.

#### Rannóg 1: SONRAÍ PEARSANTA

Ainm Úsáideora:

Seoladh Ríomhphoist:

Inscne: Fireann Baineann

Aoisghrúpa: 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60+



# Ceistneoir Céim 2 as 5



#### Rannóg 2: SONRAÍ PEARSANTA (ar lean)

Ar tógadh sa Ghaeltacht tú? o Tógadh o Níor tógadh

- Má tógadh, cé acu ceann?

- Munar tógadh, cén contae inar tógadh tú? (Baile Átha Cliath

Cén chanúint is mó a bhfuil tú ar do chompord léi? (Gaeilge Chonnacht ‡)

(Ar Aghaidh)



Ceistneoir Céim 3 as 5



#### Rannóg 3: GUTHANNA SINTÉISEACHA

Bíonn guthanna sintéiseacha le fáil go forleathan na laethanta seo
- cloiseann tú iad in ardaitheoirí, in aerfoirt, in óstáin agus úsáidtear iad chun na teileafóin a fhreagairt i gcomhlachtaí móra agus i
mbainc, mar shampla.

Cad é do thuairim féin faoi ghuth sintéiseach?

0	0	c	0	0
Is fuath liom é	Ceart go leor ach b'fhearr liom guth daonna	Is cuma liom guth daonna nó guth sintéiseach fad is go dtuigim é	sintéiseach	Bíonn guth sintéiseach ní- os oiriúnaí ná guth daonna uaireanta

#### **B2: Teacher Test**

Teachers first viewed a 3-minute video of how *Digichaint* operates. They were then presented with 20 soundfiles in random order and asked to orthographically transcribe each and simultaneously rate the ease with which they could do so. Only 2 of the 20 are included in this screenshot.



Ceistneoir Céim 4 as 5



#### Rannóg 4: DIGICHAINT

Cliceáil ar an íomhá thíos chun féachaint ar an bhfíseán:



Sampla den chaint ón gcluiche: An príomhcharactar (an delta) ag labhairt leis an ngarraíodóir, le Tom Bán agus le cúpla cuairteoir eile atá ag fanacht san óstán

Treoracha:
Fiche ceist ar fad atá le freagairt.
Scríobh na habairtí isteach sa bhosca bán faoi (1).
Usáid gnáthlitriú na Gaeilge chomh fada agus is féidir.

Ceist 2

Clicabi 'Seinn' ar an mborra uirlisí thúas:

(1) Déan trascríobh ar an méid a chuala tú:

(2) Cad a déarfá faoin abairt seo? Bhí si...

An-deacair le tuiscint Deacair le tuiscint Réasúnta soiléir le tuiscint Éasca le tuiscint An-éasca le tuiscint

#### B3: Sentences used in Teacher Evaluation

#### **Connaught Voice**

#### 5 categories: 2 examples of each

#### Category 1: Reduction

- 1. Tá mé togha, go raibh maith agat
- 2. Tá, bhfuil fhios ad cá bhfuil Tom Bán?

#### Category 2: Long Vowels (4+ long vowel sounds)

- 3. Céard tá tú a rá?
- 4. Cén gró atá agatsa le déanamh liomsa?

#### Category 3: Short Vowels (4+ short vowel sounds)

- 5. Bhí sé ard, caol le gruaig dhubh agus culaith bhán
- 6. Ní bhraithim go maith san áit seo

#### Category 4: Fricatives (Focal element of sentence have fricative)

- 7. Déanfaidh mé pé rud is féidir liom, más fiú dhom é
- 8. Tiocfaidh an samhradh is fásfaidh an féar

#### Category 5: Stops

- 9. Ní dóigh liom go bhfuil tada sa scéal ach píosa spraoi
- 10. Déan pé rud a cheapann tú féin

#### **Ulster Voice**

#### 5 categories: 2 examples of each

#### Category 1: Reduction

- 11. Gabh mo leithscéal bhfuil fhios agat cá bhfuil Tom Bán?
- 12. Caidé dúirt tú faoin bhruscar?

#### Category 2: Long Vowels (4+ long vowel sounds)

- 13. Caidé faoin oíche aréir?
- 14. O, cé hé féin?

#### Category 3: Short Vowels (4+ short vowel sounds)

- 15. An cara leat an freastalaí seo?
- 16. An bhfaca mé tusa ag dul thart anseo aréir?

#### Category 4: Fricatives (Focal element of sentence have fricative)

- 17. B'fhearr liom seasamh go fóill, má tá sé sin ceart go leor leatsa
- 18. Ar éigean go n-aithneoinn é dá siúlfadh sé isteach an doras anois

#### Category 5: Stops (Focal element of sentence has stop)

- 19. An bhfuil aon chineál pictiúr de i do cheann agat?
- 20. Tá turas eagraithe dúinn inniu

#### **Translation of Teacher Test Sentences:**

#### **Connaught Voice**

#### 5 categories: 2 examples of each

#### Category 1: Reduction

- 1. I'm well, thank you
- 2. Yes, do you know where Tom Bán is?

#### Category 2: Long Vowels (4+ long vowel sounds)

- 3. What are you saying?
- 4. What business have you with me?

#### Category 3: Short Vowels (4+ short vowel sounds)

- 5. He was tall, thin with black hair and a white suit
- 6. I don't feel well in this place

#### Category 4: Fricatives (Focal element of sentence have fricative)

- 7. I'll do everything I can, if it's worthwhile to me
- 8. The summer will come and the grass will grow

#### Category 5: Stops

- 9. It's only a bit of fun I don't think there's more to the story
- 10. Do whatever you think yourself

#### **Ulster Voice**

#### 5 categories: 2 examples of each

#### Category 1: Reduction

- 11. Excuse me do you know where Tom Bán is?
- 12. What did you say about the rubbish?

#### Category 2: Long Vowels (4+ long vowel sounds)

- 13. What about lastnight?
- 14. Oh, who's he?

#### Category 3: Short Vowels (4+ short vowel sounds)

- 15. Is this waiter a friend of yours?
- 16. Did I see you around here lastnight?

#### Category 4: Fricatives (Focal element of sentence have fricative)

- 17. I would prefer to stand for the moment, if that's ok with you
- 18. Hardly would I recognise him if he were to walk in the door now

#### Category 5: Stops (Focal element of sentence has stop)

- 19. Do you have any picture of him in your head?
- 20. There's a trip organised for us today

# **B4: Teacher Post-Test Questionnaire**

(Screenshot)



Ceistneoir Céim 5 as 5



#### Rannóg 5: AISEOLAS

(1) An gceapann tú go mbeadh caint shintéiseach ag an leibhéal seo oiriúnach do chluiche ar nós Digichaint?

0	0	o	0	c
Ní bheadh in aon chor	B'fhearr guth daonna ná guth sintéiseach	Is cuma guth sintéiseach nó guth daonna	Tá an guth sintéiseach beagáinín níos oiriúnaí don chluiche seo ná an guth daonna	Bheadh, cinnte

(2) An dóigh leat go mbeadh guthanna mar seo tarraingteach d'fhoghlaimeoirí sinsearacha meánscoile?

	n			
1	2	3	4	5
Gan a bheith tarraingteach				An- tarraingteach

(3) Cad a cheapann tú de chaighdeán labhartha na Gaeilge ag ABAIR.IE?

2	3	4	5
			Ar fheabhas
	° 2	2 3	2 3 4

(4) Breac síos sa bhosca thíos, le do thoil, aon aiseolas a ritheann leat faoi na guthanna, faoin gcluiche, faoin gcoincheap go ginearálta, nó aon ní eile bainteach leis an dtriail seo:

(Tá do chuid tuairimí rithábhachtach domsa ag an staid seo den taighde agus bheinn an-bhuíoch dlot aon tuairimi/móltaí a ritheann leat a chló isteach anseo:)



(Ar Aghaidh

# **Appendix C**

# C1: Pupil Pre-Game Questionnaire

#### C1.1: Irish Language Version:

(Screenshot of Directions Given: this same text was presented for all 3 Platforms)



# Réamh-cheistneoir

abair.ie

Céim 1 as 3

Questionnaire in English

A		

Táimid an-bhuíoch díot as páirt a ghlacadh sa taighde seo. Tá trí rud le déanamh:

- (1) líon isteach réamh-cheistneoir chun eolas ginearálta a thabhairt dúinn fút féin:
- (2) imir an cluiche;
- (3) líon isteach ceistneoir eile chun do chuid tuairimí faoin gcluiche (go háirithe na graificí agus na guthanna) a thabhairt dúinn.

Beidh do chuid tuairimí an-tábhachtach dúinn agus sinn ag pleanáil bogearraí nua d'fhoghlaimeoirí Gaeilge.

Cliceáil thíos chun tuilleadh eolais a fháil ar:

- + Guthanna Sintéiseacha
- + Treoracha don Réamh-cheistneoir

1. Ainm Úsáideora:

+ An Cluiche

(Questionnaire Items:)

# Rannóg 1: SONRAÍ PEARSANTA

Inscne:		
	Fireann	Baineann

3. Rang ar scoil:

4ú bliain 5ú bliain 6ú bliain
-------------------------------

4. An bhfuil tú ag freastal ar:

Scoil Bhéarla	Gaelscoil	Scoil Ghaeltachta

# Rannóg 2: FIÚNTAS AN CHLUICHE MAR ÁIS FHOGHLAMA

5. Cé chomh minic is a imríonn tú cluichí ar an ríomhaire?

	Ar a laghad ar		Ní imrím cluichí
Gach lá	bhonn seachtainiúil	Go hannamh	ríomhaire riamh

# Rannóg 3: ÁBHAIR SCOILE

6. Cén leibhéal tuisceana atá agat ar ghnáth-Ghaeilge labhartha, dar leat?

Cúpla focal nuair a labhraítear go mall iad	Cúpla frása simplí nuair a labhraítear go mall iad	Píosaí de chomhrá	Formhór na gcomhráite nuair a bhíonn an chaint soiléir	Beagnach gach comhrá le gnáth-luas cainte
--	---	----------------------	--	--

7. Cé acu Gnáthleibhéal nó Ardleibhéal Gaeilge a thóg tú sa **Teastas Sóisearach**?

	Gnáthleibhéal	Ardleibhéal	
ı	Chamberonem	1 Halelonear	

8. Cé acu Gnáthleibhéal nó Ardleibhéal Gaeilge a cheapann tú a thógfaidh tú don **Ardteistiméireacht**?

,		
1	Gnáthleibhéal	Ardleibhéal

9. Déan liosta de do rogha cúig ábhar a dhéanann tú ar scoil ag tosú leis an gceann is fearr leat:

An t-ábhar is fearr liom:	
2ú ábhar is fearr liom:	
3ú ábhar is fearr liom:	
4ú ábhar is fearr liom:	
5ú ábhar is fearr liom:	

# Rannóg 4: GUTHANNA SINTÉISEACHA

10. Cad é do thuairim féin faoi ghuth sintéiseach?

		Is cuma liom	Braithim go	Bíonn guth
	Ceart go leor	guth daonna	mbíonn an	sintéiseach
Is fuath liom	ach b'fhearr	nó guth	guth	níos oiriúnaí

é	liom guth daonna	sintéiseach fad is go dtuigim é	sintéiseach oiriúnach uaireanta	ná guth daonna uaireanta
---	---------------------	------------------------------------	---------------------------------------	-----------------------------

Breac síos anseo, le do thoil, aon aiseolas eile a ritheann leat faoi aon ghné den cheistneoir seo:

#### C1.2: English Language Version:

(Screenshot of Directions Given: the text was the same for for all 3 Platforms)



# Pre-Game Questionnaire



Step 1 of 3

Ceistneoir Gaeilge

Dear pupil.

We are very grateful for your participating in this research project.

Your overall task is comprised of three sections:

- (1) fill in the Pre-Game Questionnaire to give us some general background information about yourself:
- (2) play the Game:
- (3) fill in the Post-Game Questionnaire giving us your opinions on the game (particularly on the graphics and synthesised voices).

Your opinions will be very important to us for the future development of software for learners of Irish.

Click on each of these links for further information on:

+ Synthesised Voices

+ Instructions for Pre-Game Questionnaire

+ The Game

#### (Questionnaire Items:)

1 Username:

#### Section 1: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

		Male	Female
2.	Gender:		
-			

3. Year in School:

Section 2: COMPUTER GAMES  How often do you play games on the computer?  Daily At least weekly Rarely Never  Section 3: SCHOOL SUBJECTS  How would you describe your general ability to understand spoken Irish?  Only a few A few Parts of a Most conversation spoken phrases slowly spoken slowly spoken slowly  Did you study Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish for the Leaving Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish for the Savourite Subject:  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish for the Leaving Certificate?	4 <sup>th</sup> year		5 <sup>th</sup> year			6 <sup>th</sup> year
Section 2: COMPUTER GAMES  5. How often do you play games on the computer?  Daily At least weekly Rarely Never  Section 3: SCHOOL SUBJECTS  6. How would you describe your general ability to understand spoken Irish?  Only a few A few Parts of a Most conversations when spoken phrases slowly spoken slowly spoken slowly spoken slowly  7. Did you study Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish	Do you atten	d:				
Section 2: COMPUTER GAMES  5. How often do you play games on the computer?  Daily At least weekly Rarely Never  Section 3: SCHOOL SUBJECTS  6. How would you describe your general ability to understand spoken Irish?  Only a few A few Parts of a Most conversations when spoken phrases slowly spoken slowly spoken slowly spoken slowly  7. Did you study Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  B. Do you expect to take ordinary level or higher level Irish for the Leaving Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish	_	edium	Gaelscoil	l	Gae	ltacht school
Section 3: SCHOOL SUBJECTS  5. How would you describe your general ability to understand spoken Irish?  Only a few					1	
Section 3: SCHOOL SUBJECTS  6. How would you describe your general ability to understand spoken Irish?  Only a few A few Parts of a Most conversations when spoken phrases slowly spoken slowly  7. Did you study Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  B. Do you expect to take ordinary level or higher level Irish for the Leaving Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish						Never
Only a few words simple conversation when spoken at nature spoken slowly spoken slowly Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish	Daily	71t least v	VCCKIY	Raiciy		NOVOI
Only a few words simple conversation conversations when spoken phrases slowly spoken slowly  7. Did you study Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish		Section 3	S: SCHOOL S	UBJECTS		
Only a few words simple conversation conversations when spoken phrases slowly spoken s		Sections	. SOITOOL S	OBJECTS		
words spoken phrases slowly spoken slowly sp	. How would	you describe yo	ur general abi	lity to und	erstand sp	ooken Irish?
spoken slowly spoken slowly when spoken clearly speaking speaking spoken slowly  7. Did you study Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?    Ordinary Level   Higher Level   Irish     Irish   Irish     Ordinary Level   Higher Level   Irish     Ordinary Level   Higher Level   Irish     Ordinary Level   Irish     Irish   Irish     Ordinary Level   Irish     Ordinary Le						Almost all
Slowly spoken slowly speaking			conversation			conversations
7. Did you study Irish at ordinary level of at higher level for the Junior Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  B. Do you expect to take ordinary level or higher level Irish for the Leaving Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Provourite Subject:  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish					-	speaking speed
Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  B. Do you expect to take ordinary level or higher level Irish for the Leaving Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Ordinary Level Irish  Favourite Subject:  Ordinary Level Irish						
Certificate?  Ordinary Level Higher Level Irish Irish		Ordinary Le	evel Highe	er Level	el for the	Junior
Irish Irish  9. What are your 'Top 5' favourite subjects in school?  Favourite Subject:						he Leaving
9. What are your 'Top 5' favourite subjects in school?  Favourite Subject:			ary level or hi	igher level	Irish for t	ne neaving
Favourite Subject:  2nd favourite subject:		Ordinary Lo	evel Highe	er Level	Irish for t	ne Leaving
2 <sup>nd</sup> favourite subject:		Ordinary Lo	evel Highe	er Level	Irish for t	ne Reaving
	Certificate?	Ordinary Lo	evel Highe	er Level rish	Irish for t	ne Reaving
tayourite subject:	Certificate?  O. What are your are your savourite Subjections.	Ordinary Lo Irish  ur 'Top 5' favor	evel Highe	er Level rish	Irish for t	ne Reaving
th favourite subject:	Certificate?  9. What are your subject to the subje	Ordinary Lo Irish  ur 'Top 5' favor	evel Highe	er Level rish	Irish for t	inc Deaving

# Section 4: SYNTHESISED VOICES

# 10. What is your own opinion of synthesised voices?

I hate them vo	A human pice is more itable in all contexts	I have no preference as long as the voice is intelligible	Synthesised voices can be suitable in certain contexts	Synthesised voices are more attractive than human voices in certain
----------------	--	---	--	---

Please type in the box below any extra information you would like to includ
about any aspect of this questionnaire:

# C2: Pupil Post-Game Questionnaire: Digichaint

(Screenshot of Directions Given)

- Note: pupils were free to answer the questionnaires either through Irish or through English. The Irish language questionnaires are included here in Appendix C and the English language translations are included in Appendix E (with the results)



# Ceistneoir faoin gCluiche

Céim 3 as 3



Questionnaire in English

Líon isteach, le do thoil, an Iar-cheistneoir chun do chuid tuairimí faoin gcluiche Digichaint a chur in iúl.

Is spéis linn do chuid tuairimí thar cúig mhór-réimse:

- na graificí atá in úsáid;
- an mhaitheas a bhaineann le cluiche cosúil leis an gceann seo;
- plota an chluiche;
- na guthanna sintéiseacha;
- cluichí mar áis fhoghlama.

Úsáidfear an t-eolas seo chun tuilleadh forbartha agus taighde a dhéanamh ar ghuthanna sintéiseacha agus ar chluichí idirghníomhacha don Ghaeilge.

Go raibh míle maith agaibhl

Ainm Úsáideora:
Breac síos, le do thoil, an chéad rud a ritheann leat faoin gcluiche seo, bíodh sé dearfach nó diúltach:

#### Rannóg 1: NA GRAFAICÍ

(Marcáil ar scála ó 1 go 5)

1. Léirigh do thuairim faoi na grafaicí a úsáideadh sa chluiche.

An-lag   Lag   Reasunta   Maith   An-mhaith	An-lag	Lag	Réasúnta	Maith	An-mhaith
---	--------	-----	----------	-------	-----------

2. Go teicniúil, ar bhraith tú go raibh an cluiche...

An-deacair le	Deacair le	Réasúnta	Éasca le	An-éasca le
himirt	himirt		himirt	himirt

# Rannóg 2: FIÚNTAS AN CHLUICHE MAR ÁIS FHOGHLAMA

3. Phioc mé suas cúpla frása/focal/pointe gramadaí nua fad is a bhí mé ag imirt an cluiche.

Easaontaím go				Aontaím go
hiomlá	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán

4. Bhí an foclóir áisiúil mar chabhair le foghlaim na Gaeilge sa chluiche seo.

Easaontaím go				Aontaím go
hiomlán	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán

5. Léirigh do thuairim faoin gcluiche áirithe seo mar áis fhoghlama teanga:

1	An-				An-
	mhíthaitneamhach	Míthaitneamhach	Neodrach	Taitneamhach	taitneamhach

# Rannóg 3: AN SCÉAL A ÚSÁIDEADH SA CHLUICHE

6. Bhí an plota soiléir dom ó thús an chluiche.

Ní raibh in			Measartha	Bhí an plota
aon chor	Ní raibh	Neodrach	soiléir	soiléir ón tús

7. An raibh an plota réadúil don chluiche seo?

Ní raibh an			Bhí an plota	
plota réadúil	Ní raibh an	Neodrach	measartha	Bhí an plota
in aon chor	plota réadúil		réadúil	réadúil

8. D'fhanas dírithe ar an gcluiche agus mé á imirt.

Easaontaím go				Aontaím go	
hiomlán	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán	

9. Bhíos níos mó dírithe ar phlota an chluiche ná mar a bhí ar struchtúr na teanga a bhí in úsáid.

Easaontaím go				Aontaím go	1
hiomlán	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán	

10. Tá cothromaíocht mhaith idir spraíúlacht agus seansanna foghlama teanga sa chluiche seo.

Easaontaím go				Aontaím go
hiomlán	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán

# Rannóg 4: CAIGHDEÁN NA NGUTHANNA SINTÉISEACHA SA CHLUICHE

Ba mhaith linn do thuairim faoi **chaighdeán na nguthanna sintéiseacha** agus a noiriúntacht d'áis fhoghlama mar seo. Ba mhaith linn idirdhealú a dhéanamh idir na guthanna sintéiseacha agus dhá cheist eile:

- (a) leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge
- (b) do thaithí féin le canúintí éagsúla

11. Ceapaim go bhfuil leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge oiriúnach domsa.

			Aontaím a	
Ní aontaim ar	Ní dóigh liom	Neodrach	bheag nó a	Aontaím go
chor ar bith	é		mhór	hiomlán

11.2 Má cheapann tú **nach** bhfuil leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge oiriúnach, an é go bhfuil sé...

Ró-dheacair	Ró-éasca
-------------	----------

12. Tá na guthanna sintéiseacha sách soiléir chun an chaint a thuiscint.

Ní aontaím in aon chor Ní	dóigh liom é	Neodrach	Aontaím a bheag nó a mhór	Aontaím go hiomlán
------------------------------	-----------------	----------	---------------------------------	-----------------------

13. Ar bhraith tú deacracht leis na canúintí atá in úsáid sa chluiche?

Deacrachtaí	Roinnt		Gan mórán	Gan aon
móra leis na	deacrachtaí	Neodrach	deacrachtaí	deacracht leis
canúintí	leis na		leis na	na canúintí
	canúintí		canúintí	

14. Bhí sé chomh héasca céanna an guth sintéiseach a thuiscint sa chluiche is a bheadh sé le guth nádúrtha.

Easaontaím go				Aontaím go
hiomlán	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán

15. Ceapaim go dtugann guthanna sintéiseacha atmaisféar níos fearr do chluichí ríomhaireachta ná mar a dhéanann guthanna nádúrtha de ghnáth.

Easaontaím go				Aontaím go
hiomlán	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán

16. Cheapas go raibh an guth sintéiseach oiriúnach don chluiche seo.

Easaontaím go		Para Garage Control Service Service		Aontaím go
hiomlán	Easaontaím	Neodrach	Aontaím	hiomlán

# Rannóg 5: CLUICHÍ (GO GINEARÁLTA) MAR ÁIS FHOGHLAMA

Níl sa chluiche a d'imir tú anois ach sampla amháin de chluiche idirghníomhach a úsáideann grafaicí agus guthanna sintéiseacha. Sa rannóg seo, ba mhór againn do chuid tuairimí faoi na ceisteanna thíos:

17.1 Cén **fiúntas** a bhaineann le cluiche idirghníomhach le guthanna sintéiseacha a chur ar fáil mar áis chun cleachtadh a dhéanamh ar do chuid Gaeilge?

Ní fiú faic é	Ní fiú mórán é	Neodrach	Tá fiúntas ag baint leis	Is fiú go mór
---------------	----------------	----------	-----------------------------	---------------

17.2 An bhfuil **caighdeán** na nguthanna sintéiseacha, mar atá faoi láthair, inghlactha don chomhthéacs ina bhfuil siad in úsáid sa chluiche seo?

				Tá an
Níl an	Tá an	transactor habit	Tá an	caighdeán
caighdeán	caighdeán	Neodrach	caighdeán	inghlactha go
maith go leor	réasúnta íseal		inghlactha	hiomlán

17.3 Cé chomh **tarraingteach** is atá na guthanna sintéiseacha i gcomhthéacs cluiche mar seo?

An-				An-	
mhítharraingteach	Mítharraingteach	Neodrach	Tarraingteach	tarraingteach	

,	as eile a ritheann l ap go ginearálta, no	
leis an dtriail seo	ip go ginearaia, in	y don'n one

# C3: Pupil Post-Game Questionnaire: Fáilte go TCD



# Ceistneoir faoin gCluiche



Céim 3 as 3

Questionnaire in English

Líon isteach, le do thoil, an Iar-cheistneoir chun do chuid tuairimí faoi na graificí a chonaic tú ar an leathanach roimhe seo a chur in iúl.

Is spéis linn do chuid tuairimí thar ceithre mhór-réimse:

- na graificí atá in úsáid;
- an mhaitheas a bhaineann le físeán cosúil leis an gceann seo;
- na guthanna sintéiseacha;
- cluichí mar áis fhoghlama.

Úsáidfear an t-eolas seo chun tuilleadh forbartha agus taighde a dhéanamh ar ghuthanna sintéiseacha agus ar chluichí idirghníomhacha don Ghaeilge.

Go raibh míle maith agaibhl

Ainm Úsáideora:
Prana síos la do thail an chéad rud a ritheann leat faoin galuiche sao bíodh sé
Breac síos, le do thoil, an chéad rud a ritheann leat faoin gcluiche seo, bíodh sé dearfach nó diúltach:
<ul> <li>F. C. C. C. Markette V. King van der de despoise de la contract de l</li></ul>
(Marcáil ar scála ó 1 go 5)

# Rannóg 1: NA GRAFAICÍ

1. Cad é do thuairim faoin gcúlra agus faoi na grafaicí sa bhfíseán seo?

An-				An-
mhítharraingteach	Mítharraingteach	Neodrach	Tarraingteach	tarraingteach

2. Cad é do thuairim faoi ghluaiseacht na gcarachtar agus mar a luíonn an ghluaiseacht leis an gcaint?

An-dona	Dona	Neodrach	Maith	An-mhaith
---------	------	----------	-------	-----------

3.	Cé chomh maith is a chuireann na graificí le hinchreidiúint agus le soiléireacht
	chaint na gcarachtar?

	An-dona	Dona	Neodrach	Maith	An-mhaith		

# Rannóg 2: FIÚNTAS AN CHLUICHE MAR ÁIS FHOGHLAMA

4. Cé chomh cabhrach is a bheadh an saghas seo timpeallachta (na guthanna, na grafaicí agus an suíomh) i bhfoghlaim na cluasthuisceana?

Gan a bheith cabhrach in aon chor	Is beag an chabhair í	Neodrach	Cabhrach	An-chabhrach
aon choi	Chaonan i			

5. An mbainfeá taitneamh as áis mar seo a úsáid agus tú ag foghlaim na Gaeilge, dá mbeadh teacht uirthi to héasca i do scoil?

Ní bhainfinn, in aon chor Ní dóigh Neodrach Bhainfinn mói liom é
--

6. Cé chomh spreagúil is a cheapfá go mbeadh a leithéid seo d'áis?

Gan a bheith spreagúil in aon chor	Gan a bheith spreagúil	Neodrach	Spreagúil	An-spreagúil
--	------------------------	----------	-----------	--------------

7. An gceapann tú go ndéanfadh áis mar seo foghlaim na Gaeilge níos tarraingtí?

Ní dhéanfadh	Ní dócha go			Dhéanfadh,
in aon chor	ndéanfadh	Neodrach	Dhéanfadh	cinnte

# Rannóg 3: CAIGHDEÁN NA NGUTHANNA SINTÉISEACHA SA CHLUICHE

Ba mhaith linn do thuairim faoi **chaighdeán na nguthanna sintéiseacha** agus a noiriúntacht d'áis fhoghlama mar seo. Ba mhaith linn idirdhealú a dhéanamh idir na guthanna sintéiseacha agus dhá cheist eile:

- (a) leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge
- (b) do thaithí féin le canúintí éagsúla

8. Ceapaim go bhfuil leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge oiriúnach domsa.

	Ní dóigh liom	Neodrach	Aontaím a bheag nó a	Aontaím go
chor ar bith	é		mhór	hiomlán

8.2 Má cheapann tú **nach** bhfuil leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge oiriúnach, an é go bhfuil sé...

Ró-éasca

9. Tá na guthanna sintéiseacha sách soiléir chun an chaint a thuiscint.

	Ní dóigh liom	Neodrach	Aontaím a bheag nó a	Aontaím go
aon chor	é		mhór	hiomlán

10. Ar bhrath tú deacracht leis na canúintí atá in úsáid in Taidhgín?

Deacrachtaí	Roinnt		Gan mórán	Gan aon
móra leis na canúintí	deacrachtaí leis na canúintí	Neodrach	deacrachtaí leis na canúintí	deacracht leis na canúintí

# Rannóg 4: CLUICHÍ (GO GINEARÁLTA) MAR ÁIS FHOGHLAMA

Níl sa bhfíseán a léiríodh ach sampla amháin de chluiche a úsáideann grafaicí agus guthanna sintéiseacha. Sa rannóg seo, ba mhór againn do chuid tuairimí faoi na ceisteanna thíos:

11\_1 Cén **fiúntas** a bhaineann le carachtar fíorúil idirghníomhach (*virtual conversational partner*) le guth sintéiseach a chur ar fáil mar áis chun cleachtadh a dhéanamh ar chomhrá Gaeilge?

Ní fiú faic é	Ní fiú mórán é	Neodrach	Tá fiúntas ag baint leis	Is fiú go mór é
---------------	----------------	----------	-----------------------------	--------------------

11\_2 An bhfuil **caighdeán** na nguthanna sintéiseacha, mar atá faoi láthair, inghlactha don chomhthéacs ina bhfuil siad in úsáid sa chluiche seo?

			Tá an
Níl an	Tá an	Tá an	caighdeán

caighdeán	caighdeán	Neodrach	caighdeán	inghlactha go
maith go leor	réasúnta íseal		inghlactha	hiomlán

11\_3 Cé chomh **tarraingteach** is atá na guthanna sintéiseacha i gcomhthéacs cluiche mar seo?

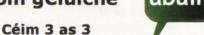
An-				An-
mhítharraingteach	Mítharraingteach	Neodrach	Tarraingteach	tarraingteach

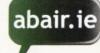
12. Breac síos anseo, le do thoil, aon aiseolas eile a ritheann leat a gcluiche, faoi na guthanna, faoin gcoincheap go ginearálta, nó ao bainteach leis an dtriail seo:	

## C4: Pupil Post-Game Questionnaire: Taidhgín



# Ceistneoir faoin gCluiche





ceiiii 5 as 5

Questionnaire in English

Líon isteach, le do thoil, an Iar-cheistneoir seo chun do chuid tuairimí faoi áis mar Taidhgín a chur in iúl.

Is spéis linn do chuid tuairimí thar ceithre rannóg:

- na graificí atá in úsáid;
- an mhaitheas a bhaineann le cluiche cosúil leis an gceann seo;
- na guthanna sintéiseacha;
- cluichí mar áis fhoghlama.

Úsáidfear an t-eolas seo chun tuilleadh forbartha agus taighde a dhéanamh ar ghuthanna sintéiseacha agus ar chluichí idirghníomhacha don Ghaeilge.

Go raibh míle maith agaibhl

Ainm Úsáideora:
Breac síos, le do thoil, an chéad rud a ritheann leat faoin gcluiche seo, bíodh sé
dearfach nó diúltach:
(Marcáil ar scála ó 1 go 5)

## Rannóg 1: NA GRAFAICÍ

1. An mbraitheann tú go bhfuil na graificí (an moncaí) tarraingteach?

An-				An-
mhítharraingteach	Mítharraingteach	Neodrach	Tarraingteach	tarraingteach

2. An gcuireann an moncaí le spraíúlacht an chluiche?

Ní chuireann in aon chor	Ní dóigh liom é	Neodrach	Cuireann	Cuireann go mór
-----------------------------	--------------------	----------	----------	--------------------

3. Cad a cheapann tú den tslí a luíonn gluaiseachtaí an mhoncaí leis an gcaint?

A 1	D	NT 1 1	3 5 1.1	A 1 1.1
An-dona	Dona	Neodrach	Maith	An-mhaith

## Rannóg 2: FIÚNTAS AN CHLUICHE MAR ÁIS FHOGHLAMA

4. Cé chomh cabhrach is a bheadh an saghas seo áise (i. an idirghníomhaíocht agus an spraíúlacht) i gcleachtadh comhrá Gaeilge?

Gan a bheith cabhrach in aon chor	Is beag an	Neodrach	Cabhrach	An-chabhrach
-----------------------------------	------------	----------	----------	--------------

5. An mbainfeá úsáid as áis mar seo chun do chuid Gaeilge a chleachtadh dá mbeadh teacht uirthi go héasca i do scoil?

Ní bhainfinn	Ní bhainfinn		Bhainfinn ó	Bhainfinn go
riamh	mórán	Neodrach	am go chéile	rialta

6. Cé chomh spreagúil is a bheadh áis mar seo, dar leat?

Gan a bheith				
spreagúil in	Gan a bheith	Neodrach	Spreaguil	An-spreagúil
aon chor	spreagúil			

7. An gceapann tú go ndéanfadh áis mar Taidhgín foghlaim na Gaeilge níos tarraingtí?

Ní dhéanfadh	Ní dócha go			Dhéanfadh,
in aon chor	ndéanfadh	Neodrach	Dhéanfadh	cinnte

# Rannóg 3: CAIGHDEÁN NA NGUTHANNA SINTÉISEACHA SA CHLUICHE

Ba mhaith linn do thuairim faoi **chaighdeán na nguthanna sintéiseacha** agus a n-oiriúntacht d'áis fhoghlama mar *Taidhgín*. Ba mhaith linn idirdhealú a dhéanamh idir na guthanna sintéiseacha agus dhá cheist eile:

- (a) leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge (na focail/frásaí a d'úsáid *Taidhgín*)
- (b) taithí na ndaltaí le canúintí éagsúla
- 8. Ceapaim go bhfuil leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge oiriúnach domsa

Ní aontaím in	Ní dóigh liom	Neodrach	Aontaím a bheag nó a	Aontaím go
aon chor	é		mhór	hiomlán

a. Má cheapann tú **nach** bhfuil leibhéal deacrachta na Gaeilge oiriúnach, an é go bhfuil sé...

		_
Ró-dheacair	Ró-éasca	

9. Tá na guthanna sintéiseacha sách soiléir chun an chaint a thuiscint

NI	NT/ 1/1-1-11	N 1 1	Aontaím a	A4-
Ni aontaim in	Ní dóigh liom	Neodrach	bheag nó a	Aontaím go
aon chor	é		mhór	hiomlán

10. Ar bhrath tú deacracht leis na canúintí atá in úsáid in Taidhgín?

### Rannóg 4: CLUICHÍ (GO GINEARÁLTA) MAR ÁIS FHOGHLAMA

Níl sa mhéid a léiríodh ach sampla amháin de chainteoir fíorúil a úsáideann guth sintéiseach. Sa rannóg seo, ba mhór againn do chuid tuairimí faoi na ceisteanna thíos:

11\_1 Cén **fiúntas** a bhaineann le carachtar fíorúil idirghníomhach (*virtual conversational partner*) le guth sintéiseach a chur ar fáil mar áis chun cleachtadh a dhéanamh ar chomhrá Gaeilge?

Ní	fiú faic é	Ní fiú mórán é	Neodrach	Tá fiúntas ag baint leis	Is fiú go mór é
----	------------	----------------	----------	-----------------------------	-----------------

11\_2 An bhfuil **caighdeán** na nguthanna sintéiseacha, mar atá faoi láthair, inghlactha don chomhthéacs ina bhfuil siad in úsáid in Taidhgín?

				Tá an
Níl an	Tá an		Tá an	caighdeán
caighdeán	caighdeán	Neodrach	caighdeán	inghlactha go
maith go leor	réasúnta íseal	namb bibliotes	inghlactha	hiomlán

11\_3 Cé chomh **tarraingteach** is atá na guthanna sintéiseacha i gcomhthéacs cluiche mar seo?

An-				An-
mhítharraingteach	Mítharraingteach	Neodrach	Tarraingteach	tarraingteach

12. Breac síos anseo, le do thoil, aon aiseo gcluiche, faoi na guthanna, faoin gcoinche	
bainteach leis an dtriail seo:	up Be Bineman, ne den in ene

### **Appendix D**

D1: Teacher Evaluation Results

Median 4 3 4 3 4 3 3 2 3 4 4 4 4 Mode 4 3 4 2 4 3 3 1 4 4 4	Mean	1	Cat.	Cat. 1:	GD• 11   1   3.5   2	GD**	3 C C	Cat. 2: Long Vowels CM GD 4 13	20 At 2: Long Vowels ( GD 4 13 1 ( GD 3 3.4 1	20 Se B D D D 14 Ouati	Car Car CM 5 Itative 1	Cat. 3: Short Vowels CM GD  CM GD  CM GD  CEEVAluation  3.9 3.5	Short Short GD 15 15 3.5 3	6 t 0 8 0	16 16 00 Re	ē	Cat. 4: F.	Cat. 4: Fricativ  Cat. 4: Fricativ  CM G  CM G  Results  .8 3 4 1.6	8 4	A GD C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	A GD 8 17 18 8 17 18 8 4 1.6 3.7
4 3 4 2 4 3 3 1 4 4	Median		4	m	4	m	4	m		7	т.	4	4		4	φ ε		е	4	4 1	3 4 1 4
	Mode		4	3	4	7	4	3	9	1	4	4	4		4	4		4	4	4	4 L
	Mean		4.9	8.8	4.8	4.6	4.9	4.4	4.8	3.2	4.5	8.4	4.9		2	5 4.8		8.	4.8 4.9	4.8 4.9 3.2	4.8 4.9 3.2 5
4.8 4.6 4.9 4.4 4.8 3.2 4.5 4.8	Median		2	9	5	5	5	5	5	4	8	'n	50		0	5 5		0	5 5	5 5	5 5 3 5
4.9       4.8       4.8       4.5       4.8       3.2       4.5       4.8         5       5       5       5       5       5       5       5       5       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       4.8       5.	Mode	******	8	8	8	'n	0	- 10	8	4	8	8	5		5	-	5	5 5	5 5 3 5	5 5 3	5 5

<sup>\*</sup>CM = Conamara sentences

The top section of the table deals with the qualitative data and gives the mean, median and mode of the opinion scores for each sentence, as scored by each of the 31 respondents. The bottom section of the same table gives the

<sup>\*\*</sup>GD = Gaoth Dobhair sentences

corresponding quantitative data, in accordance with the criteria devised for marking the transcriptions (Chapter 4.3.3.1.1: Criteria for marking responses to 'intelligibility' test).

### D2: Calculation of Intelligibility and Clarity Index

Calculating an Intelligibility and Clarity Index for Connaught dialect: application of formula, as presented in Chapter 4.3.3.2 of the thesis

Person	Performance (mean score)	Opinion (mean score)	5-P	5 <b>- O</b>	(5 - P) + (5 - O)
1	4.9	4.4	0.1	0.6	0.7
2	4.4	4.1	0.6	0.9	1.5
3	5	3.8	0	1.2	1.2
4	5	3.7	0	1.3	1.3
5	4.5	2.4	0.5	2.6	3.1
6	4.5	2.8	0.5	2.2	2.7
7	4.8	3.2	0.2	1.8	2
8	4.7	3	0.3	2	2.3
9	4.8	3.2	0.2	1.8	2
10	5	3.2	0	1.8	1.8
11	4.7	3.2	0.3	1.8	2.1
12	4.8	3.4	0.2	1.6	1.8
13	4.7	3.6	0.3	1.4	1.7
14	5	4.3	0	0.7	0.7
15	5	4.7	0	0.3	0.3
16	4.9	3.4	0.1	1.6	1.7
17	3.5	1.3	1.5	3.7	5.2
18	4.8	3.8	0.2	1.2	1.4
19	4.5	3	0.5	2	2.5
20	3.5	2.9	1.5	2.1	3.6
21	4.8	3.1	0.2	1.9	2.1
22	4.9	3.7	0.1	1.3	1.4
23	5	4	0	1	1
24	5	3.8	0	1.2	1.2
25	5	4	0	1	1
26	4.9	4.3	0.1	0.7	0.8
27	5	4	0	1	1
28	5	3.7	0	1.3	1.3
29	4.5	3.8	0.5	1.2	1.7
30	5	3.9	0	1.1	1.1
31	5	3.7	0	1.3	1.3
			SUM:		53.5
			DIVIDE BY 6	2:	0.862903226
			(5 - 0.86)		
FINAL AN	SWER	Connaught Clarity Index:			4.137096774

Calculating an Intelligibility and Clarity Index for Ulster dialect: application of formula, as presented in Chapter 4.3.3.2 of the thesis

Person	Performance (mean score)	Opinion (mean score)	5 – P	5-0	(5 - P) + (5 - O)
1	4.3	2.7	0.7	2.3	3
2	4.7	4.3	0.3	0.7	1
3	4.5	3.2	0.5	1.8	2.3
4	4.4	3.4	0.6	1.6	2.2
5	3.6	2.1	1.4	2.9	4.3
6	3.7	1.6	1.3	3.4	4.7
7	4.1	2.5	0.9	2.5	3.4
8	4.3	2.7	0.7	2.3	3
9	4.2	2	0.8	3	3.8
10	4.7	2.6	0.3	2.4	2.7
11	4.2	2.3	0.8	2.7	3.5
12	4.5	2.6	0.5	2.4	2.9
13	4.8	2.9	0.2	2.1	2.3
14	4.3	3.2	0.7	1.8	2.5
15	4.6	3.6	0.4	1.4	1.8
16	4.4	3.2	0.6	1.8	2.4
17	3.6	1.2	1.4	3.8	5.2
18	4.8	3.6	0.2	1.4	1.6
19	4.4	2.7	0.6	2.3	2.9
20	4.2	3	0.8	2	2.8
21	4.2	1.5	0.8	3.5	4.3
22	4.4	3.1	0.6	1.9	2.5
23	4.9	3.5	0.1	1.5	1.6
24	4.8	3.2	0.2	1.8	2
25	4.3	3.4	0.7	1.6	2.3
26	5	4.2	0	0.8	0.8
27	4.3	3.3	0.7	1.7	2.4
28	4.9	2.7	0.1	2.3	2.4
29	3	2.3	2	2.7	4.7
30	4.9	3.5	0.1	1.5	1.6
31	4.8	3.2	0.2	1.8	2
			SUM:		84.9
			DIVIDE BY 62:		1.369354839
			(5 - 1.3693)		
FINAL ANS	SWER	Ulster Clarity Index:			3.630645161

### Appendix E

Note: Pupils could respond either in Irish or in English for each of the 3 platforms. The text of the Irish questionnaire items is in Appendix C (without results) and the translation (the English questionnaire items) is included here (with results).

# E1: Post-Game Questionnaire Results (Descriptive Results): Digichaint

		Digich	aint
Item	Digichaint: Total number of participants	250	
1	Rate the graphics used in this game on the scale below:		
	Very poor	6	2.4%
	Poor	28	11.2%
	Reasonable	66	26.4%
	Good	118	47.2%
	Very good	32	12.8%
2	Did you feel that the game was technically		
	Very difficult to play	1	0.4%
	Difficult to play	11	4.4%
	Reasonable	47	18.8%
	Easy to play	128	51.2%
	Very easy to play	63	25.2%
3	I learned some new phrases/words/grammar points as I played the game		
	Completely disagree	6	2.4%
	Disagree	26	10.4%
	Neutral	52	20.8%
	Agree	127	50.8%
	Agree completely	39	15.6%
4	The dictionary is helpful as an aid to learning Irish in this		
	game.		
	Completely disagree	3	1.2%
	Disagree	11	4.4%
	Neutral	37	14.8%
	Agree	138	55.2%
	Agree completely	61	24.4%

	Very unenjoyable	1	0.4%
	Unenjoyable	20	8%
	Neutral	56	22.4%
	Enjoyable	133	53.2%
	Very enjoyable	40	16%
6	The plot of this game was clear to me from the outset.		
	Completely disagree	5	2%
	Disagree	31	12.4%
	Neutral	22	8.8%
	Agree	112	44.8%
	Agree completely	80	32%
7	Was the plot credible for this type of game?		
	Definitely not credible	3	1.2%
	Probably not credible	26	10.4%
	Neutral	52	20.8%
	Reasonably credible	123	49.2%
	The plot was credible	46	18.4%
8	The game held my attention.		
	Completely disagree	5	2%
	Disagree	37	14.8%
	Neutral	43	17.2%
	Agree	130	52%
	Agree completely	35	14%
9	I was more focused on the plot of the game than I was on the language being used.		
	Completely disagree	5	2%
	Disagree	59	23.6%
	Neutral	52	20.8%
	Agree	113	45.2%
	Agree completely	21	8.4%

10	There is a good balance between enjoyment and language		
	learning in this game.		
	Completely disagree	2	0.8%
	Disagree	16	6.4%
	Neutral	45	18%
	Agree	153	61.29
	Agree completely	34	13.6%
1	The overall standard of the Irish used in this game is at about		
	the right level for me.		
	Completely disagree	4	1.6%
	Disagree	40	16%
	Neutral	30	12%
	Agree	130	52%
	Agree completely	46	18.49
l1a	If you feel the Irish used is not at the right level, is this		
	because it was		
		54	48.6%
	Too difficult	57	51.4%
	Too easy		
12	The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the		
	speech intelligible.		
	Completely disagree	14	5.6%
	Disagree	55	22%
	Neutral	42	16.8%
	Agree	115	46%
	Agree completely	24	9.6%
13	Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects		
	that are used in <i>Digichaint</i> ?		
	Definitely some difficulty	1	0.4%
	Probably some difficulty	75	30%
	Neutral	44	17.6%
	Probably no difficulty	107	42.8%
	Definitely no difficulty	23	9.2%

14	I found it no more difficult to understand the computer- generated voice than I would if natural voices were used.		
	Completely disagree	6	2.4%
	Disagree	78	31.2%
	Neutral	43	17.2%
	Agree	96	38.4%
	Agree completely	27	10.8%
15	In general, I think that computer-generated voices give a		
	better atmosphere to computer games than natural voices		
	do.		
		17	6.8%
	Completely disagree	84	33.6%
	Disagree	56	22.4%
	Neutral	73	29.2%
	Agree	20	8%
	Agree completely		
16	I found the computer-generated voice suitable for <b>this</b>		
	computer game.		
	Completely disagree	5	2%
	Disagree	32	12.8%
	Neutral	54	21.6%
	Agree	142	56.8%
	Agree completely	17	6.8%
	Give your opinion on:		
17_1	the <b>usefulness</b> of the concept of producing an interactive		
	language learning game in order to practise Irish:		
	Of little or no use	1	0.4%
	Not particularly useful	10	4%
	Neutral	36	14.4%
	Useful	135	54%
	Very useful	68	27.2%
17_2	the quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do		
	you think the voices are adequate for the type of game		
	presented here?		
	Completely inadequate	3	1.2%
	Inadequate	49	19.6%
	Neutral	44	17.6%
	Adequate	134	53.6%
	Totally adequate	20	8%

17_3	the attractiveness of the voices:	12	4.8%
		75	30%
	Very unattractive	58	23.2%
	Unattractive	92	36.8%
	Neutral	13	5.2%
	Attractive		144.334
	Very attractive		

E2: Post-Game Questionnaire Results (Descriptive Results): Fáilte ao TCD

		Fáilte	go TCD
tem	Fáilte go TCD: Total number of participants	252	
1	How would you describe your judgment of the background setting and the graphics in the video?		
		Num.	
	Very unattractive	7	2.8%
	Unattractive	51	20.2%
	Neutral	39	15.5%
	Attractive	122	48.4%
	Very attractive	33	13.1%
	movements of the figures and their alignment to speech?		2.40
	Very badly aligned	6	2.4%
	Badly aligned	43	17.1%
	Acceptable	66	26.2%
	Well aligned	120	47.6%
	Very well aligned	17	6.7%
3	To what extent do the movements of the characte add credibility and clarity to the conversational exchanges?	8	3.2%
	Very little credibility & clarity	53	21%
	Low credibility & clarity	62	24.6%
	Neutral Contible Contact	118	46.8%
	Credible & clear	11	4.4%
	Very great credibility & clarity		
4	To what extent do you think this type of learning platform (the voices, the graphics and the setting) would help in practising listening comprehension?		
	Not at all helpful		
	Not helpful	6	2.4%
	Neutral	33	13.1%
	Helpful	38	15.1%
	Very helpful	114	45.2%
		61	24.2%

5	Would you enjoy using this type of activity to develop	1-220	110.5
	your aural Irish skills, should it be available and easily		
	accessible in your school?		
	Definitely not	7	2.8%
	Probably not	24	9.5%
	Neutral	31	12.3%
	Probably	122	48.4%
	Definitely	68	27%
6	How motivating do you find this type of activity?		
		ma H	
	Not at all motivating	5	2%
	Not particularly motivating	41	16.3%
	Neutral	46	18.2%
	Motivating	134	53.2%
	Very motivating	26	10.3%
7	Do you think this type of activity would make the		
	learning of Irish more attractive?		
	Definitely not	3	1.2%
	Probably not	20	8%
	Neutral	34	13.5%
	Probably	139	55.1%
	Definitely	56	22.2%
8	The overall standard of the Irish used is at about the		
	right level for me.		
	Completely disagree	4	1.6%
	Disagree	38	15.1%
	Neutral	33	13.1%
	Agree	139	55.1%
	Agree completely	38	15.1%
8.1	If you feel the Irish used is not at the right level, is this		
	because it was		
		34	31%
	Too difficult	76	69%
	Too easy		
9	The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make		
	the speech intelligible.		
		me Herrie	

la A IR	Disagree		74	29.4%
	Neutral		51	20.2%
	Agree		103	40.9%
	Agree completely		9	3.6%
10	Did you experience particular di	ficulties with the		
	dialects that are used in the vide	:0?		
	Definitely some difficulty		22	8.7%
	Probably some difficulty		71	28.2%
	Neutral		33	13.1%
	Probably no difficulty		107	42.5%
	Definitely no difficulty		19	7.5%
	Please give your opinion on:			
11_1	the <b>usefulness</b> of producing gr	aphics with		
	synthesised voices in order to pr	actise aural		
	comprehension.			
	OC U.	1		4 604
	Of little or no use		4	1.6%
	Not particularly useful		24	9.5%
	Neutral		26	10.3%
	Useful		151	60%
	Very useful		47	18.6%
11_2	the <b>quality</b> of the synthesised			
	do you think the voices are adec			
	learning platform presented her	e?		
	Completely inadequate		6	2.4%
	Inadequate		64	25.4%
	Neutral		54	21.4%
	Adequate		121	48%
	Totally adequate		7	2.8%
11_3	the attractiveness of the voice	es:		
	Very unattractive		15	6%
	Unattractive		80	31.7%
	Neutral		62	24.6%
	Attractive		88	34.9%
	Very attractive		7	2.8%

# E3: Post-Game Questionnaire Results (Descriptive Results): Taidhgín

		Taidh	gín
Item	Taidhgín Total number of participants	228	25
1	Do you feel the graphic display (the talking monkey) is suitable for this type of game/activity?	Num	ı. %
	Definitely not suitable	1	0.4%
	Not really suitable	12	5.3%
	Neutral	17	7.4%
	Quite suitable	98	43%
	Very suitable	100	43.9%
2	Do you feel the talking monkey adds to the overall playfulness of the exercise?		
	Definitely not	2	0.9%
	Probably not	10	4.4%
	Neutral	11	4.8%
	Probably does	95	41.7%
	Definitely does	110	48.2%
3	How would you describe the movements of the talking monkey and their alignment to speech?		
	Very badly aligned	2	0.9%
	Badly aligned	25	11%
	Acceptable	45	19.7%
	Well aligned	111	48.7%
	Very well aligned	45	19.7%
4	To what extent do you think this type of learning platform (i.e. the interaction and playfulness) would help in practising conversational Irish?		
	Not at all helpful	3	1.3%
	Not helpful	9	3.9%
	Neutral	20	8.8%
	Helpful	116	50.9%
	Very helpful	80	35.1%

	Definitely not	5	2.2%
	Probably not	20	8.8%
	Neutral	22	9.6%
	Probably	104	45.6%
	Definitely	77	33.8%
6	To what extent would you be motivated by this type of activity?		
	Not at all motivated	3	1.3%
	Not particularly motivated	12	5.3%
	Neutral	26	11.4%
	Motivated	129	56.6%
	Very motivated	58	25.4%
7	Do you think a virtual conversation partner such as Taidhgín would make the learning of Irish more attractive?		
	Definitely not	1	0.4%
	Probably not	7	3.1%
	Neutral	20	8.8%
	Probably	111	48.7%
	Definitely	89	39%
8	The overall standard of the Irish used by Taidhgín is at about the right level for me.		
	Completely disagree	10	4.4%
	Disagree	32	14%
	Neutral	33	14.5%
	Agree	105	46%
	Agree completely	48	21.1%
8.1	If you feel the Irish used is not at the right level, is this because it was		
	Too difficult	20	21%
	Too easy	75	79%
9	The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make		
	the speech intelligible.		
	Completely disagree	2	0.9%
	Completely disagree		

Neutral	29	12.7%
Agree	124	54.4%
Agree completely	42	18.4%
Did you experience particular difficulties with the		
dialects that are used in Taidhgín?		
Definitely some difficulty	4	1.8%
Probably some difficulty	39	17.1%
Neutral	31	13.6%
Probably no difficulty	109	47.8%
Definitely no difficulty	45	19.7%
Please give your opinion on:		
the usefulness of the concept of producing a virtual		
conversation partner who speaks with a synthesised		
voice in order to practise oral Irish:		
and the supplier of the second		
		0.9%
		3.1%
		13.6%
		48.2%
	78	34.2%
learning platform presented here?		
Completely inadequate	5	2.2%
Inadequate	27	11.8%
Neutral	29	12.7%
Adequate	144	63.2%
Totally adequate	23	10.1%
the attractiveness of the voices:		
TO PROCESS TO THE STORY OF THE RESIDENCE AND ALL SHARE AND	5	2.2%
Very unattractive	5 45	2.2%
Very unattractive Unattractive	45	19.7%
Very unattractive		
	Agree Agree completely  Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in Taidhgín?  Definitely some difficulty Probably some difficulty Neutral Probably no difficulty Definitely no difficulty Please give your opinion on:the usefulness of the concept of producing a virtual conversation partner who speaks with a synthesised voice in order to practise oral Irish:  Of little or no use Not particularly useful Neutral Useful Very usefulthe quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do you think the voices are adequate for the type of learning platform presented here?  Completely inadequate Inadequate Neutral Adequate	Agree Agree completely  Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in Taidhgín?  Definitely some difficulty Probably some difficulty Neutral Probably no difficulty Definitely no difficulty Please give your opinion on:the usefulness of the concept of producing a virtual conversation partner who speaks with a synthesised voice in order to practise oral Irish:  Of little or no use Not particularly useful Neutral Useful Very usefulthe quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do you think the voices are adequate for the type of learning platform presented here?  Completely inadequate Inadequate Neutral Adequate Totally adequate Totally adequate  144 Totally adequate

### Appendix F

### F1: Kruskal-Wallis Test Results: Digichaint

Expansion of Kruskal-Wallis Test for items showing significance in Table 5.9, Chapter 5. These expansions show the mean rank scores and the direction of the differences. They also give the post hoc analysis showing where the difference lies.

#### Gender

R	anks			Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>
Gender	N	Mean Rank		Chi-Square	Item 1 6.120
Item 1 Female	182	131.96		df	1
Male	68	108.21		Asymp.	.013
Total	250			Sig.	
A CONTRACTOR OF				a. Kruskal W	allis
				b. Grouping	
				Variable: Ger	nder

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 1:

H(1)=6.120, p=0.013 \*

#### **Between-School Differences**

Item 1: Rate the graphics used in this game on a scale of 1 - 5

	Ranks			Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	School		Mean		Item 1
	Туре	N	Rank	Chi-Square	23.133
Item 1	Gaeltacht	86	103.57	df	2
	Gaelscoil	25	99.02	Asymp.	.000
	English	139	143.83	Sig.	
	Total	250			

SUNDA PRIMATE BOTT
a. Kruskal Wallis
Test
b. Grouping
b. Grouping Variable: School
Туре

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 1:

H(2)=23.133, p=0.000 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 1:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=0.099, p=0.753 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=18.906, p=0.000 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 9.499, p=0.002 \*

### Item 3: I learned some new phrases/words/grammar points as I played through the game.

Ranks					Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	1/25/1		Mean			Item 3
L. asman	School Type	N	Rank		Chi-Square	27.139
Item 3	Gaeltacht	86	105.59		df	2
	Gaelscoil	25	87.44		Asymp.	.000
	English 139 144.66				Sig.	
	Total	250			a. Kruskal W	allis
					Test	
					b. Grouping	
					Variable: Sch	nool
					Туре	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 3:

H(2)=27.139, p=0.000 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 3:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=2.207, p=0.137 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=19.109, p=0.000 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 14.138, p=0.000 \*

#### Item 4: The dictionary is helpful as an aid to learning Irish in this game.

Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>

	School	3.3	Mean		Item 4
	Type	N	Rank	Chi-Square	26.624
Item 4	Gaeltacht	86	98.22	df	2
	Gaelscoil	25	116.72	Asymp.	.000
	English	139	143.96	Sig.	
	Total	250		a. Kruskal W	allis
				Test	
				b. Grouping	
				Variable: Scl	hool
				Type	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 4:

H(2)=26.624, p=0.000 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 4:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=1.184, p=0.276 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=19.109, p=0.000 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=3.348, p=0.067

Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

Ranks					Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
School			Mean			Item 5
Туре		N	Rank		Chi-Square	29.324
Item 5	Gaeltacht	86	115.52		df	2
	Gaelscoil	25	68.36		Asymp.	.000
	English	139	141.95		Sig.	
	Total	250			a. Kruskal W	allis
					Test	
					b. Grouping	
					Variable: Scl	hool
					Туре	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

H(2)=29.324, p=0.000 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=12.337, p=0.000 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=9.492, p=0.002 \*

Gaelscoil x English: H(1) = 23.158, p=0.000 \*

Item 7: Was the plot credible for this type of game?

Ranks					Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
School			Mean			Item 7
	Type	N	Rank		Chi-Square	21.519
Item 7	Gaeltacht	86	115.55		df	2
	Gaelscoil	25	77.26		Asymp.	.000
	English	139	140.33		Sig.	
	Total	250			a. Kruskal W	allis
					Test	
					b. Grouping	
					Variable: Scl	nool
					Type	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 7:

H(2)=21.519, p=0.000 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 7:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=5.782, p=0.016 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=7.212, p=0.007 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=19.079, p=0.000 \*

Item 8: The game held my attention.

Ranks					Test Statis	itics <sup>a,b</sup>
	School		Mean			Item 8
	Туре	N	Rank		Chi-Square	19.302
Item 8	Gaeltacht	86	119.30		df	2
	Gaelscoil	25	76.48		Asymp.	.000
	English	139	138.15		Sig.	
	Total	250			a. Kruskal W	allis
					Test	
					b. Grouping	
					Variable: Sch	nool
					Туре	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 8:

H(2)=19.302, p=0.000 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 8:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=10.337, p=0.001 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=5.057, p=0.025 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 15.674, p=0.000 \*

### Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

	Ranks					stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	School		Mean			Item
	Туре		Rank			10
Item 10	Item 10 Gaeltacht		116.5		Chi-Square	6.794
			3		df	2
	Gaelscoil		106.5		Asymp.	.033
			2		Sig.	
	English	139	134.4		a. Kruskal W	allis
			6		Test	
	Total				b. Grouping	
	Total 250				Variable: Scl	nool
					Туре	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

H(2)=6.794, p=0.033 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=0.628, p=0.428 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=4.589, p=0.032 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 3.849, p=0.050

### Item 11: The overall standard of the Irish used in this game is at about the right level for me.

	Ranks				Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	School Type	N	Mean Rank			Item 11
Item 11	Gaeltacht Gaelscoil		123.62 158.02	<b>6</b> 202	Chi-Square df	6.724 2

English		120.82		Asymp. Sig.	.035
Total	250	A Data State of the State of th			(-11);-
				a. Kruskal W	allis
				Test	
				b. Grouping	
				Variable: Sch	nool
				Type	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11:

H(2)=6.724, p=0.035 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=4.299, p=0.038 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=0.072, p=0.788 Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=7.350, p=0.007 \*

## Item 13: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in Digichaint?

Ranks					Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>	
	School Type	N	Mean Rank			Item 13	
Item 13	Gaeltacht Gaelscoil English Total	86 25 139 250	137.81 136.04 115.99		Chi-Square df Asymp. Sig.	6.114 2 .047	
					a. Kruskal Wallis Test b. Grouping Variable: School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 13:

H(2)=6.114, p=0.047 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 13:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=0.032, p=0.858 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=1.951, p=0.162 Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=5.385, p=0.020 \*

Item 14: I found it no difficult to understand the computer-generated voice than I would if natural voices were used.

	Ranks				Test Statisti	cs <sup>a,b</sup>
	School Type	N	Mean Rank			Item 14
Item 14	Gaeltacht	86	116.19		Chi-Square	6.739
	Gaelscoil	25	103.96		df	2
	English	139	135.13		Asymp. Sig.	.034
	Total	250			a. Kruskal Wall	is Test
					b. Grouping Var	riable:
					School Type	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 14:

H(2)=6.739, p=0.034 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 14:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=0.809, p=0.368 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=4.209, p=0.040 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=4.001, p=0.045 \*

Item 17\_1: Give your opinion on the usefulness of the concept of producing an interactive language learning game in order to practise Irish.

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	School		Mean			Item	
	Туре	N	Rank			17_1	
Item 17_1	Gaeltacht	86	115.49		Chi-Square	8.379	
	Gaelscoil	25	102.96		df	2	
	English	139	135.74		Asymp. Sig.	.015	
	Total 250				a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
					b. Grouping Var	iable:	
					School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 17\_1:

H(2)=8.379, p=0.015 \*

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 17\_1:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=0.773, p=0.379Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=5.157, p=0.023 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=5.187, p=0.023 \*

#### **Frequency Playing Computer Games**

#### Item 4: The dictionary is helpful as an aid to learning Irish in this game.

	Ranks			Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Frequency				Item 4	
	playing computer		Mean	Chi-Square	8.656	
games N		N	Rank	df	3	
Item 4	Never	49	120.46	Asymp. Sig.	.034	
	Seldom	133	135.56	a. Kruskal Walli	is Test	
	Weekly	50	104.51	b. Grouping Var	riable:	
	Daily 18 123.17			Frequency playing		
	Total	250		computer games		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 4:

$$H(3) = 8.656, p=0.034 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 4:

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 1.970, p=0.160

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 1.731, p=0.188

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.017, p=0.897

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 7.912, p=0.005 \*

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.556, p=0.456

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.198, p=0.274

## Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

	Ranks			Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Frequency playing		Mean	Para Mariana (	Item 5
	computer games	N	Rank	Chi-Square	7.989
Item	Never	49	108.83	df	3

5	Seldom	133	136.25	Asymp.	.046
	Weekly	50	115.22	Sig.	
Daily 18 120.00				a. Kruskal W	allis
	Total	250		Test	
				b. Grouping	
				Variable: Fre	quency
		playing computer			
				games	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

$$H(3) = 7.989, p=0.046 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 5.785,  $p$ =0.016 \*

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.372,  $p$ =0.542

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.439,  $p$ =0.508

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.050,  $p$ =0.306

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.081,  $p$ =0.776

#### Item 8: The game held my attention.

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>	
	Frequency					Item 8
	playing computer		Mean		Chi-Square	15.670
	games	N	Rank		df	3
Item 8	Never	49	103.27		Asymp.	.001
	Seldom	133	137.44		Sig.	
	Weekly	50	107.21		a. Kruskal W	allis
	Daily	18	148.58		Test	
	Total	250			b. Grouping	
					Variable: Fre	equency
					playing comp	puter
					games	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 8:

$$H(3) = 15.670, p=0.001 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 8:

(Key: 1 = Never; 2 = Seldom; 3 = Weekly; 4 = Daily)

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 9.716, p=0.002 \*

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.116, p=0.733

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 5.420, p=0.020 \*

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 7.764, p=0.005 \*

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.607, p=0.436

 $3 \times 4: H(1) = 4.283, p=0.038 *$ 

### Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

	Ranks		Test Statist	ics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Frequency				Item 10	
	playing computer		Mean	Chi-Square	9.033	
	games	N	Rank	df	3	
Item 10	Never	Never 49 107.		Asymp. Sig.	.029	
	Seldom	133	136.33	a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
	Weekly	50	116.92	b. Grouping Variable:		
	Daily	18	118.00	Frequency playing		
	Total	250		computer games		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

$$H(3) = 9.033, p=0.029 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

(Key: 1 = Never; 2 = Seldom; 3 = Weekly; 4 = Daily)

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 7.329, p=0.007 \*

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.438, p=0.508

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.634, p=0.426

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 3.176, p=0.075

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.635, p=0.201

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.026, p=0.873

### Item 12: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

	Ranks			Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Frequency				Item 12
	playing computer		Mean	Chi-Square	11.365
	games	N	Rank	df	3
Item 12	Never	49	108.10	Asymp. Sig.	.010

Seldom	133   139.04	a. Kruskal Wallis Test
Weekly	50 110.48	b. Grouping Variable:
Daily	18 114.53	Frequency playing
Total	250	computer games

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 12:

$$H(3) = 11.365, p=0.010 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 12:

(Key: 1 = Never; 2 = Seldom; 3 = Weekly; 4 = Daily)

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 7.532, p=0.006 \*

1 x 3: H(1) = 0.049, p=0.825

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.151, p=0.698

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 6.763, p=0.009 \*

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 2.219, p=0.136

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.035, p=0.852

#### Level of Understanding of Irish

### Item 1: Rate the graphics used in this game on a scale of 1-5.

	Ranks			Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Ranks	Test Statist	ics			
	Level of		Mean		Item 1	
	understanding of Irish	N	Rank	Chi-Square	17.629	
Item	1 = Lowest Level	2	159.50	df	4	
1	2	3	61.17	Asymp. Sig.	.001	
	3	38	156.21	a. Kruskal Wa	llis Test	
	4	114	130.32	b. Grouping V	ariable:	
	5 = Highest Level	93	108.38	Level of		
	Total	250		understanding	of Irish	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 1:

$$H(4) = 17.629, p=0.001 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 1:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 1.667, p=0.197

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.005, p=0.944

1 x 4: H(1) = 0.355, 
$$p$$
=0.551  
1 x 5: H(1) = 1.272,  $p$ =0.259  
2 x 3: H(1) = 4.132,  $p$ =0.042 \*  
2 x 4: H(1) = 2.875,  $p$ =0.090  
2 x 5: H(1) = 1.934,  $p$ =0.164  
3 x 4: H(1) = 4.341,  $p$ =0.037 \*  
3 x 5: H(1) = 13.365,  $p$ =0.000 \*  
4 x 5: H(1) = 5.426,  $p$ =0.020 \*

Item 3: I learned some new phrases/words/grammar points as I played the game.

	Ranks	Ranks					
	Level of understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 3		
Item	1 = Lowest Level	2	103.25	df	4		
3	2	3	105.17	Asymp.	.018		
	3	38	136.49	Sig.			
	4	114	137.50	a. Kruskal W	allis		
	5 = Highest Level	93	107.44	Test			
	Total	250			b. Grouping Variable: Level of		
				understanding			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 3:

$$H(4) = 11.978, p=0.018 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 3:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

1 x 2: H(1) = 0.000, 
$$p$$
=1.000  
1 x 3: H(1) = 0.496,  $p$ =0.481  
1 x 4: H(1) = 0.587,  $p$ =0.444  
1 x 5: H(1) = 0.001,  $p$ =0.978  
2 x 3: H(1) = 0.620,  $p$ =0.431  
2 x 4: H(1) = 0.676,  $p$ =0.411  
2 x 5: H(1) = 0.005,  $p$ =0.946  
3 x 4: H(1) = 0.010,  $p$ =0.919

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.107,  $p=0.024 *$ 

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 10.238,  $p$ =0.001 \*

Item 4: The dictionary is helpful as an aid to learning Irish in this game.

	Ranks			Test Statist	tics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Level of understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 4 12.280
Item 4	1 = Lowest Level	2 3	170.25 120.50	df Asymp. Sig.	.015
	3	38 114	145.01 132.52	a. Kruskal Wallis To b. Grouping Variable	
	5 = Highest Level Total	93 250	108.12	Level of understanding	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 4:

$$H(4) = 12.280, p=0.015 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 4:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 1.500,  $p$ =0.221

1 x 3: 
$$H(1) = 0.371$$
,  $p=0.542$ 

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.663,  $p$ =0.416

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.608,  $p$ =0.205

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.634,  $p$ =0.426

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.142,  $p$ =0.707

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.202,  $p$ =0.653

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.997,  $p$ =0.318

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 8.678,  $p$ =0.003 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 6.892,  $p$ =0.009 \*

## Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

	Ranks			Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Level of		Mean		Item 5
	understanding of Irish	N	Rank	Chi-Square	12.972
Item	1 = Lowest Level	2	187.25	df	4

5	2	3	36.83		Asymp.	.011
	3	38	141.53		Sig.	
	4	114	130.81	a. Kruskal Wa Test b. Grouping		allis
	5 = Highest Level	93	113.97			45.00
	Total	250				1.0
					Variable: Lev	
					Irish	g OI

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

$$H(4) = 12.972, p=0.011 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 3.158,  $p$ =0.076

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 1.242,  $p$ =0.265

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.516,  $p$ =0.218

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.142,  $p$ =0.143

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 7.487,  $p$ =0.006 \*

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 5.879,  $p$ =0.015 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.807,  $p$ =0.051

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.758,  $p$ =0.384

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.747,  $p$ =0.029 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.289,  $p$ =0.070

## Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

	Ranks	Т	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>				
	Level of understanding of		Mean			Item 10	
	Irish	N	Rank	Chi-S	Square	9.800	
Item 10	1 = Lowest Level	2	140.00	df		4	
	2	3	27.83	Asyn	np. Sig.	.044	
	3	38	132.32	a. Kri	a. Kruskal Wallis Test b. Grouping Variable: Level of understanding of Irish		
	4	114	131.23	100			
	5 = Highest Level	93	118.53				
	Total	250		of Iris			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

$$H(4) = 9.800, p=0.044 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 3.333, p=0.068

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.021, p=0.884

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.030, p=0.861

 $1 \times 5$ : H(1) = 0.248, p=0.619

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 7.015, p=0.008 \*

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 7.775, p=0.005 \*

 $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 5.821, p=0.016 \*

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.009, p=0.925

 $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 1.256, p=0.262

 $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 2.079, p=0.149

## Item 13: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in Digichaint?

	Ranks					Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Level of understanding of		Mean			Item 13		
	Irish	N	Rank		Chi-Square	11.969		
Item 13	1 = Lowest Level	2	39.00		df	4		
	2	3	84.00		Asymp. Sig.	.018		
	3	38	110.37		a. Kruskal Walli	is Test		
	4	114	120.18		b. Grouping Var			
	5 = Highest Level	93	141.41		Level of underst	anding		
	Total	250			of Irish			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 13:

$$H(4) = 11.969, p=0.018 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 13:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.667,  $p$ =0.414

#### **Attitude towards Synthetic Voices**

## Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

Ranks					Test Statist	ics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Attitude towards synthesised voices	N	Mean Rank		Chi-Square	Item 5 14.118
Item 5	1 =hate 2	6 47	58.92 118.14		df Asymp. Sig.	.007
	3 4 5 =suitable	144 48	122.16 146.49 169.40		a. Kruskal Wall b. Grouping Var Attitude towards	riable:
	Total	250	169.40		synthesised voice	ces

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

$$H(4) = 14.118, p=0.007 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.092,  $p$ =0.079

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.826,  $p$ =0.028 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.194,  $p$ =0.139

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.060,  $p$ =0.303

## Item 9: I was more focused on the plot of the game than I was on the language being used.

	Ranks			Test Statistic	cs <sup>a,b</sup>
	Attitude towards synthesised voices	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 9
Item 9	1 =hate	6	84.92	df	4
	2	47	139.50	Asymp. Sig.	.018
	3	144	116.30	a. Kruskal Wallis	Test
	4	48	146.75	b. Grouping Vari	able:
	5 =suitable	5	103.60	Attitude towards	
	Total	250		synthesised voice	es

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 9:

$$H(4) = 11.963, p=0.018 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 9:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 3.780,  $p$ =0.052

1 x 3: 
$$H(1) = 1.310, p=0.252$$

1 x 4: 
$$H(1) = 3.824, p=0.051$$

1 x 5: 
$$H(1) = 0.150, p=0.699$$

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.532,  $p$ =0.466

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.126,  $p$ =0.289

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.252,  $p$ =0.263

Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

	Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>			
	Attitude				Item 10
	towards			Chi-Square	9.916
	synthesised		Mean	df	4
	voices	N	Rank	Asymp.	.042
Item 10	1 =hate	6	90.50	Sig.	
	2	47	106.91	a. Kruskal Wallis Te b. Grouping Variable	
	3	144	126.78		
	4	48	141.52	Attitude tow	
	5 =suitable	5	151.50	synthesised v	voices
	Total	250			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

$$H(4) = 9.916, p=0.042 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.270,  $p$ =0.603

$$1 \times 3$$
:  $H(1) = 2.005, p=0.157$ 

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.584,  $p$ =0.058

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.354,  $p$ =0.245

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 3.597,  $p$ =0.058

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.897,  $p$ =0.009 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.624,  $p$ =0.203

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 2.057,  $p$ =0.152

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.801,  $p$ =0.371

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.220,  $p$ =0.639

Item 12: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
Attitude towards synthesised voices	N	Mean Rank	Item 12
Item 12 1 =hate	6	65.50	Chi-Square 12.952
2	47	117.44	df 4
3	144	122.19	Asymp. Sig012
4	48	145.04	a. Kruskal Wallis Test
5 =suitable	5	181.10	b. Grouping Variable:
Total	250		Attitude towards synthesised voices

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 12:

$$H(4) = 12.952, p=0.012 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 12:

1 x 2: 
$$H(1) = 3.452, p=0.063$$

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 4.091,  $p$ =0.043 \*

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.336,  $p$ =0.012 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.456,  $p$ =0.019 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.018,  $p$ =0.672

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.908,  $p$ =0.048 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.910,  $p$ =0.048 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.154,  $p$ =0.042 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.660,  $p$ =0.056

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.290,  $p$ =0.256

Item 15: In general, I think that computer-generated voices give a better atmosphere to computer games than natural voices do.

	Ranks			Test Statisti	ics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Attitude towards synthesised voices	N	Mean Rank		Item 15
Item 15	1 =hate	6	127.67	Chi-Square	11.785
	2	47	118.36	df	4
	3	144	118.10	Asymp. Sig.	.019
	4	48	147.18	a. Kruskal Wall	is Test
	5 =suitable	5	195.00	b. Grouping Van	
	Total	250		Attitude toward	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 15:

$$H(4) = 11.785, p=0.019 *$$

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 15:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.104,  $p$ =0.747

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.137,  $p$ =0.711

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.553,  $p$ =0.457

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.870,  $p$ =0.090

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.002,  $p$ =0.966

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.223,  $p$ =0.040 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.470,  $p$ =0.019 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.259,  $p$ =0.012 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.436,  $p$ =0.020 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
:  $H(1) = 2.837, p=0.092$ 

Item 17\_1: Give your opinion on the usefulness of the concept of producing an interactive language learning game in order to practise lrish.

	Ranks				Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Attitude towards synthesised		Mean			Item 17_1
	voices	N	Rank		Chi-Square	16.076
Item	1 =hate	6	50.33		df	4
17_1	2	47	115.61		Asymp. Sig.	.003
	3	144	123.24		a. Kruskal Walli	s Test
	4	48	147.91		b. Grouping Variable: Attitude towards	
	5 =suitable	5	158.80			
	Total	250			synthesised voic	es

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 17\_1:

$$H(4) = 16.076, p=0.003 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 17\_1:

- $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 5.730, p=0.017 \*
- $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 7.633, p=0.006 \*
- $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 9.655, p=0.002 \*
- $1 \times 5$ : H(1) = 4.287, p=0.038 \*
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.525, p=0.469
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 5.661, p=0.017 \*
- $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 1.750, p=0.186
- $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 5.374, p=0.020 \*
- $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 1.471, p=0.225

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.205,  $p$ =0.651

Item 17\_2: Give your opinion on the quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do you think the voices are adequate for the type of game presented here?

	Ranks					Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Attitude towards synthesised voices	N	Mean Rank			Item 17_2		
Item	1 =hate	6	88.67	Ш	Chi-Square	10.693		
17_2	2	47	122.59		df	4		
	3	144	119.45		Asymp. Sig.	.030		
	4	48	145.78		a. Kruskal Walli	is Test		
	5 =suitable	5	176.50		b. Grouping Variable:			
	Total	250		Attitude towards synthesised voices				

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 17\_2:

H(4) = 10.693, p=0.030 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 17\_2:

- $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 1.732, p=0.188
- $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 1.126, p=0.289
- $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 4.157, p=0.041 \*
- $1 \times 5$ : H(1) = 3.595, p=0.058
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.097, p=0.755
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 3.413, p=0.065
- $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 3.335, p=0.068
- $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 5.554, p=0.018 \*
- $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 3.369, p=0.066
- $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 1.173, p=0.279

# F2: Kruskal-Wallis Test Results: Fáilte go TCD

Expansion of Kruskal-Wallis Test for items showing significance in Table 5.11, Chapter 5. These expansions show the mean rank scores and the direction of the differences. They also give the post hoc analysis showing where the difference lies.

#### Gender

Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

	Rank	S		Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Gender	N	Mean Rank		Item 10
Item	Female	181	120.98	Chi-Square	4.107
10	Male	71	140.58	df	1
	Total	252		Asymp.	.043
				Sig.	
				a. Kruskal W	allis
				Test	
				b. Grouping	
				Variable: Ge	ender

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

H(1)=4.107, p=0.043 \*

#### **Between-School Differences**

Item 5: Would you enjoy using this type of activity to develop your aural lrish skills, should be available and easily accessible in your school?

	Ranks			Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>
			Mean		Item 5
	School Type	N	Rank	Chi-Square	7.138
Item	Gaeltacht	85	117.98	df	2
5	Gaelscoil	23	101.17	Asymp. Sig.	.028

English	144	a. Kruskal Wallis Test
Total	252	b. Grouping Variable:
		School Type

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

H(2)=7.138, p=0.028 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=1.450, p=0.228 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=3.802, p=0.051 Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=4.633, p=0.031\*

# Item 7: Do you think this type of activity would make the learning of Irish more attractive?

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Mean					Item 7	
	School Type	N	Rank		Chi-Square	10.625	
Item	Gaeltacht	85	120.86		df	2	
7	Gaelscoil	23	89.63		Asymp. Sig.	.005	
	English	144	135.72		a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
	Total 252				b. Grouping Variable:		
1000	والمراجعة والمساحة				School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 7:

H(2)=10.625, p=0.005 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 7:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=4.148, p=0.042 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=2.851, p=0.091 Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 9.568, p=0.002 \*

Item 8: The overall standard of Irish used is at about the right level for me.

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Mean					Item 8	
	School Type	N	Rank		Chi-Square	8.059	
Item 8	Gaeltacht	85	119.98	I	df	2	
	Gaelscoil	23	163.24		Asymp. Sig.	.018	
	English	144	124.48		a. Kruskal Wall	is Test	
	Total	252			b. Grouping Var	riable:	
12.7					School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 8:

H(2)=8.059, p=0.018 \*

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 8:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=6.231, p=0.013 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=0.300, p=0.584 Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=7.816, p=0.005 \*

# Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

	Ranks			Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
			Mean		Item 9	
	School Type	N	Rank	Chi-Square	9.589	
Item 9	Gaeltacht	85	144.71	df	2	
	Gaelscoil	23	128.24	Asymp. Sig.	.008	
	English	144	115.48	a. Kruskal Walli	s Test	
Total 252				b. Grouping Variable:		
				School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 9:

H(2)=9.589, p=0.008 \*

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 9:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=0.783, *p*=0.376 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=9.889, *p*=0.002 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=0.532, *p*=0.466

Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in the video?

	Ranks			Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>	
School Mean Type N Rank				CI L G	Item 10	
	Туре	-	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	Chi-Square	11.224	
Item 10	Gaeltacht	85	144.79	df	2	
	Gaelscoil	23	137.13	Asymp. Sig.	.004	
	English	144	114.00	a. Kruskal Walli	Vallis Test	
	Total	252		b. Grouping Var	riable:	
				School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

H(2)=11.224, p=0.004 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=0.208, p=0.649 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=10.702, p=0.001 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=2.168, p=0.141

Item 11\_3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

Ranks				Test Stat	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
School Type N Rank				Item 11_3			
Item 11_3	Gaeltacht	85	144.35	Chi-Square	8.762		
	Gaelscoil	23	124.98	df	2		
	English	144	116.21	Asymp.	.013		
	Total	252		Sig.			
				a. Kruskal W	a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
			Mark to a	b. Grouping	Variable:		
				School Type			

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_3:

H(2)=8.762, p=0.013 \*

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_3:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=1.288, p=0.256 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=8.833, p=0.003 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=0.277, p=0.599

# **Frequency Playing Computer Games**

# Item 1: How would you describe your judgment of the background setting and the graphics in the video?

	Ranks			Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Frequency				Item 1	
	Playing		Mean	Chi-Square	9.928	
	Computer Games	N	Rank	df	3	
Item	Never	48	102.92	Asymp. Sig01		
1	Seldom	139	137.31	a. Kruskal Wal	lis Test	
	Weekly	45	123.33	b. Grouping Va	ariable:	
	Daily	20	115.08	Frequency Playing		
	Total	252		Computer Games		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 1:

H(3) = 9.928, p=0.019 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 1:

(Key: 1 = Never; 2 = Seldom; 3 = Weekly; 4 = Daily)

- 1 x 2: H(1) = 9.014, p=0.003 \*
- 1 x 3: H(1) = 2.230, p=0.135
- 1 x 4: H(1) = 0.372, p=0.542
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 1.492, p=0.222
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.780, p=0.182
- 3 x 4: H(1) = 0.220, p=0.639

Item 11\_1: Please give your opinion on the usefulness of producing graphics with synthesised voices in order to practise aural comprehension.

	Ranks					stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Frequency Playing		Mean			Item 11_1
	Computer Games	N	Rank		Chi-Square	12.418
Item 11_1	Never	48	98.76		df	3
	Seldom	139	135.12		Asymp.	.006
	Weekly	45	133.58		Sig.	
	Daily	20	117.25		a. Kruskal W	allis
	Total	252			Test	
(1987) F. 1984					b. Grouping	
					Variable: Fre	quency
					Playing Com	puter
					Games	

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_1:

$$H(3) = 12.418, p=0.006 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_1:

(Key: 1 = Never; 2 = Seldom; 3 = Weekly; 4 = Daily)

- $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 10.409, p=0.001 \*
- $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 7.473, p=0.006 \*
- $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.786, p=0.181
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.039, p=0.844
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.416, p=0.234
- $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.391, p=0.238

# Level of Understanding of Irish

Item 1: How would you describe your judgment of the background setting and the graphics in the video?

	Ranks				
	Level of			Test Sta	tistics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Understanding		Mean		Item 1
	of Irish	N	Rank	Chi-Square	18.919
Item 1	1 = Lowest Level	3	89.83	df	4
	2	6	30.83	Asymp. Sig.	.001
	3	47	135.94	a. Kruskal W	allis Test
	4	108	137.77	b. Grouping	
	5 = Highest Level	88	115.40	Level of Und	erstanding
	Total	252		of Irish	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 1:

H(4) = 18.919, p=0.001 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 1:

- $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 2.667, p=0.102
- 1 x 3: H(1) = 1.476, p=0.226
- $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.562, p=0.211
- 1 x 5: H(1) = 0.353, p=0.552
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 12.515, p=0.000 \*
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 12.848, p=0.000 \*
- $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 9.277, p=0.002 \*
- $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.044, p=0.835
- $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 2.944, p=0.086
- $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 5.234, p=0.022 \*

Item 3: To what extent do the movements of the characters add credibility and clarity to the conversational exchanges?

Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>			
Level of Understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 3 12.201 4
1 = Lowest Level	3	122.50 54.17	Asymp. Sig.	.016
3 4 5 = Highest Level Total	47 108 88 252	115.28 139.20 121.97	a. Kruskal W b. Grouping ' Level of Understandin	Variable:
	Understanding of Irish  1 = Lowest Level  2  3  4  5 = Highest Level	Understanding of Irish N  1 = Lowest Level 3  2 6  3 47  4 108  5 = Highest Level 88	Understanding of Irish       Mean Rank         1 = Lowest Level       3       122.50         2       6       54.17         3       47       115.28         4       108       139.20         5 = Highest Level       88       121.97	Understanding of Irish         Mean Rank         Chi-Square df           1 = Lowest Level         3 122.50         Asymp.           2         6 54.17         Sig.           3         47 115.28         a. Kruskal W b. Grouping St.           4         108 139.20         b. Grouping St.           5 = Highest Level         88 121.97         Level of Understanding St.

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 3:

$$H(4) = 12.201, p=0.016 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 3:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 3.920,  $p$ =0.048 \*

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.079,  $p$ =0.778

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.304,  $p$ =0.581

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.002,  $p$ =0.962

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 3.281,  $p$ =0.070

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 9.702,  $p$ =0.002 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.282,  $p$ =0.022 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.919,  $p$ =0.048 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.308,  $p$ =0.579

$$4 \times 5$$
:  $H(1) = 3.170, p=0.075$ 

# Item 7: Do you think this type of activity would make the learning of Irish more attractive?

Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
and the state of the state of	Item 7		

	Level of Understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square df Asymp. Sig.	10.958 4 .027
Item 7	1 = Lowest Level 2	3 6	159.50 60.33	a. Kruskal Wa Test	llis
	3	47	134.87	b. Grouping V Level of	ariable:
	4 5 = Highest Level	108 88	133.85 116.40	Understanding	g of
	Total	252		Irish	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 7:

$$H(4) = 10.958, p=0.027 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 7:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 3.630,  $p$ =0.057

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.387,  $p$ =0.534

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.422,  $p$ =0.516

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.316,  $p$ =0.251

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 6.446,  $p$ =0.011 \*

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.697,  $p$ =0.010 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.313,  $p$ =0.038 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.007,  $p$ =0.933

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.497,  $p$ =0.114

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.394,  $p$ =0.065

# Item 8: The overall standard of the Irish used is at about the right level for me.

	Ranks			Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Level of Understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	13.471 4
Item 8	1 = Lowest Level	3 6	16.50 81.75	Asymp. Sig.	.009
	3 4	47 108	117.21 129.67		

5 = Highest Level	88	134.38	a. Kruskal Wallis
Total	252		Test
			b. Grouping
			Variable: Level of
			Understanding of
			Irish

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 8:

$$H(4) = 13.471, p=0.009 *$$

## Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 8:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 4.613,  $p$ =0.032 \*

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 7.851,  $p$ =0.005 \*

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 9.626,  $p$ =0.002 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 7.061,  $p$ =0.008 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 1.691,  $p$ =0.194

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.922,  $p$ =0.048 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.720,  $p$ =0.099

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.474,  $p$ =0.225

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.822,  $p$ =0.177

$$4 \times 5$$
:  $H(1) = 0.334, p=0.563$ 

# Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Ranks				Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>
Level of					Item 9
Understanding of		Mean		Chi-Square	17.688
Irish	N	Rank	II	df	4
1 = Lowest Level	3	105.00		Asymp. Sig.	.001
2	6	45.08		a. Kruskal Wa	llis
3	47	103.17		Test	
4	108	130.96		b. Grouping V	ariable:
5 = Highest Level	88	I aval of		Level of	
Total	252		Understanding of		
	Level of Understanding of Irish  1 = Lowest Level  2  3  4  5 = Highest Level	Level of       Understanding of         Understanding of       N         1 = Lowest Level       3         2       6         3       47         4       108         5 = Highest Level       88	Level of       Mean         Understanding of       N         Irish       N         Rank         1 = Lowest Level       3         105.00         4         4         108         130.96         5 = Highest Level	Level of       Mean         Understanding of       N         Irish       N         Rank         1 = Lowest Level       3         105.00         2       6         45.08         3       47         47       103.17         4       108         130.96         5 = Highest Level       88	Level of       Understanding of       Mean       Chi-Square         Irish       N       Rank       Asymp. Sig.         1 = Lowest Level       3       105.00       Asymp. Sig.         2       6       45.08       a. Kruskal Wa         3       47       103.17       Test         4       108       130.96       b. Grouping W         5 = Highest Level       88       139.77       Understanding

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 9:

$$H(4) = 17.688, p=0.001 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 9:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.990,  $p$ =0.320

1 x 3: 
$$H(1) = 0.000, p=0.983$$

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.410,  $p$ =0.522

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.659,  $p$ =0.417

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 3.497,  $p$ =0.061

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 8.897,  $p$ =0.003 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 10.767,  $p$ =0.001 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 5.286,  $p$ =0.021 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 8.508,  $p$ =0.004 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.796,  $p$ =0.372

# Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in the video?

	Ranks			Test Stati	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Level of Understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square df	Item 10 25.683 4
Item 10	1 = Lowest Level	3 6	27.00 67.58	Asymp. Sig.	.000
	3 4 5 = Highest Level	47 108 88	99.24 127.71 146.98	a. Kruskal Wallis Test b. Grouping Variable: Level of	
	Total	252		Understandin	ng of Irish

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

$$H(4) = 25.683, p=0.000 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

Item 11\_1: Please give your opinion on the usefulness of producing graphics with synthesised voices in order to practice aural comprehension.

	Ranks			Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>	
	Level of Understanding of		Mean		Item 11_1
Ti	Irish	N	Rank	Chi-	9.971
Item	1 = Lowest Level	3	133.50	Square	
11_1	2	6	56.17	df	4
	3	47	134.54	Asymp.	.041
	4	108	132.48	Sig.	
	5 = Highest Level	88	119.43	a. Kruskal V	
	Total	252		b. Grouping	Variable:
				Level of Understandi	ng of Irish

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_1:

$$H(4) = 9.971, p=0.041 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_1:

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 7.432,  $p$ =0.006 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 6.721,  $p$ =0.010 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.046,  $p$ =0.831

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.660,  $p$ =0.198

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.243,  $p$ =0.134

# Item 11\_3: Please give you opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

	Ranks				Test Stati	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Level of Understanding of		Mean			Item 11_3
	Irish	N	Rank		Chi-	11.171
Item 11_3	1 = Lowest Level	3	63.33	1	Square	
	2	6	91.00	0	df	4
	3	47	105.77	1	Asymp. Sig.	.025
	4	108	129.14	a	. Kruskal Wa	ıllis Test
	5 = Highest Level	88	138.90		o. Grouping V	
	Total	252		8 8	Level of Unde of Irish	erstanding

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11 3:

$$H(4) = 11.171, p=0.025 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_3:

1 x 2: 
$$H(1) = 0.720, p=0.396$$

1 x 3: 
$$H(1) = 1.187, p=0.276$$

1 x 4: H(1) = 2.622, 
$$p$$
=0.105

1 x 5: 
$$H(1) = 3.201, p=0.074$$

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.159,  $p$ =0.690

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.895,  $p$ =0.169

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.627,  $p$ =0.105

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.809,  $p$ =0.051

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 6.719,  $p$ =0.010 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
:  $H(1) = 1.041, p=0.308$ 

### **Attitude towards Synthetic Voices**

Item 1: How would you describe your judgment of the background setting and the graphics in the video?

	Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>				
	Attitude to synthesised voices (pre-game)	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square df	Item 1 11.353 4	
Item 1	1	13	77.81	Asymp. Sig.	.023	
	2	42	119.05	a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
	3	129	127.37	b. Grouping Va	riable:	
	4	63	135.50	Attitude to synt		
	5	5	179.90	voices (pre-gam	ie)	
	Total	252				

## Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 1:

$$H(4) = 11.353, p=0.023 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 1:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 4.148,  $p$ =0.042 \*

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 6.391,  $p$ =0.011 \*

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.969,  $p$ =0.008 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.282,  $p$ =0.039 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.476,  $p$ =0.490

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.637,  $p$ =0.201

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.857,  $p$ =0.050

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.640,  $p$ =0.424

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.818,  $p$ =0.093

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.311,  $p$ =0.128

Item 3: To what extent do the movements of the characters add credibility and clarity to the conversational exchanges?

	Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>			
	Attitude to synthesised		Mean		Item 3
	voices (pre-game)	N	Rank	Chi-Square	16.570
Item 3	1	13	91.46	df	4
	2	42	109.68	Asymp. Sig.	.002
	3	129	122.92	a. Kruskal Wall	is Test
	4	63	147.21	b. Grouping Var	riable:
	5	5	190.30	Attitude to syntl	
9 7112	Total	252		voices (pre-gam	e)

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 3:

$$H(4) = 16.570, p=0.002 *$$

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 3:

(Key: Group 1 = 'Hate' synthesised voices; Group 2: 'Tolerate' synthesised voices but prefer human voices; Group 3: 'neutral', Group 4: synthesised voices 'sometimes suitable'; Group 5: synthesised voices are 'sometimes more suitable than human voices')

1 x 2: 
$$H(1) = 0.965, p=0.326$$

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 2.803,  $p$ =0.094

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.197, p=0.013 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.120,  $p$ =0.024 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 1.310,  $p$ =0.252

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 7.600,  $p$ =0.006 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.587,  $p$ =0.018 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 5.802,  $p$ =0.016 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.816,  $p$ =0.028 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 2.197,  $p$ =0.138

# Item 4: To what extent do you think this type of learning platform (the voices, the graphics and the setting) would help in practicing listening comprehension?

Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>

	Attitude to					Item 4
	synthesised				Chi-Square	24.368
	voices (pre-		Mean		df	4
	game)	N	Rank		Asymp.	.000
Item 4	1	13	66.12		Sig.	
	2	42	105.81		a. Kruskal W	allis Test
	3	129	127.84		b. Grouping '	
	4	63	143.81	Attitude to synthe voices (pre-game)		
	5	5	204.50			ame)
	Total	252				

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 4:

$$H(4) = 24.368, p=0.000 *$$

## Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 4:

(Key: Group 1 = 'Hate' synthesised voices; Group 2: 'Tolerate' synthesised voices but prefer human voices; Group 3: 'neutral', Group 4: synthesised voices 'sometimes suitable'; Group 5: synthesised voices are 'sometimes more suitable than human voices')

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 4.415,  $p$ =0.036 \*

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 9.879,  $p$ =0.002 \*

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 11.666,  $p$ =0.001 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 8.313,  $p$ =0.004 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 3.416,  $p$ =0.065

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 8.153,  $p$ =0.004 \*

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 9.201,  $p$ =0.002 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 2.456,  $p$ =0.117

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 6.220,  $p$ =0.013 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.086,  $p$ =0.043 \*

Item 5: Would you enjoy using this type of activity to develop your aural lrish skills, should be available and easily accessible in your school?

	Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>			
	Attitude to				Item 5
	synthesised voices		Mean	Chi-Square	23.513
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4
Item 5	1	13	81.62	Asymp. Sig.	.000

2	42	106.83	a. Kruskal Wallis Test
3	129	122.75	b. Grouping Variable: Attitude to synthesised voices (pre-game)
4	63	150.75	Attitude to synthesised
5	5	199.50	voices (pre-game)
Total	252		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

$$H(4) = 23.513, p=0.000 *$$

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

1 x 2: H(1) = 2.032, 
$$p$$
=0.154  
1 x 3: H(1) = 4.590,  $p$ =0.032 \*  
1 x 4: H(1) = 9.656,  $p$ =0.002 \*  
1 x 5: H(1) = 7.574,  $p$ =0.006 \*  
2 x 3: H(1) = 1.720,  $p$ =0.190  
2 x 4: H(1) = 11.434,  $p$ =0.001 \*  
2 x 5: H(1) = 8.639,  $p$ =0.003 \*  
3 x 4: H(1) = 7.328,  $p$ =0.007 \*  
3 x 5: H(1) = 6.036,  $p$ =0.014 \*  
4 x 5: H(1) = 2.817,  $p$ =0.093

Item 6: How motivating do you find this type of activity?

	Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>			
	Attitude to				Item 6
	synthesised voices		Mean	Chi-Square	31.689
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4
Item 6	1	13	51.46	Asymp. Sig.	.000
	2	42	120.36	a. Kruskal Walli	s Test
	3	129	123.95	b. Grouping Var	riable:
	4	63	143.61	Attitude to synth	nesised
	5	5	223.50	voices (pre-gam	e)
	Total	252		2012	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 6:

$$H(4) = 31.689, p=0.000 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 6:

(Key: Group 1 = 'Hate' synthesised voices; Group 2: 'Tolerate' synthesised voices but prefer human voices; Group 3: 'neutral', Group 4: synthesised voices 'sometimes suitable'; Group 5: synthesised voices are 'sometimes more suitable than human voices')

- $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 12.524, p=0.000 \*
- $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 14.274, p=0.000 \*
- $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 18.057, p=0.000 \*
- $1 \times 5$ : H(1) = 10.738, p=0.001 \*
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.076, p=0.783
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 3.888, p=0.049 \*
- $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 11.643, p=0.001 \*
- $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 3.861, p=0.049 \*
- $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 10.310, p=0.001 \*
- $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 8.639, p=0.003 \*

# Item 7: Do you think this type of activity would make the learning of Irish more attractive?

Ranks					Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Attitude to synthesised voices (pre-game)	N	Mean Rank		Chi-Square df	29.489 4	
Item 7	1	13	76.65	Asymp. Sig.		.000	
	2	42	108.10		a. Kruskal Wall	is Test	
	3	129	121.12		b. Grouping Var	100	
	4	63	153.85		Attitude to synthesised voices (pre-game)		
	5	5	205.00				
	Total	252					

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 7:

$$H(4) = 29.489, p=0.000 *$$

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 7:

(Key: Group 1 = 'Hate' synthesised voices; Group 2: 'Tolerate' synthesised voices but prefer human voices; Group 3: 'neutral', Group 4: synthesised voices 'sometimes suitable'; Group 5: synthesised voices are 'sometimes more suitable than human voices')

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.041,  $p$ =0.081 \*

Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

	Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>			
	Attitude to synthesised voices		Mean	Chi-Square	Item 9 14.174
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4
Item 9	1	13	108.92	Asymp. Sig.	.007
	2	42	109.40	a. Kruskal Walli	s Test
	3	129	121.74	b. Grouping Var	riable:
	4	63	145.63	Attitude to synth	
	5	5	197.70	voices (pre-gam	e)
	Total	252			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 9:

$$H(4) = 14.174, p=0.007 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 9:

# Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

Ranks				Test Stati	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>	
	Attitude to synthesised voices	i anus	Mean	Chi-Square	Item 10 11.846	
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4	
Item 10	1	13	95.42	Asymp. Sig.	.019	
	2	42	130.42	a. Kruskal Walli	is Test	
	3	129	119.91	b. Grouping Var	riable:	
	4	63	137.65	Attitude to synth		
	5	5	203.80	voices (pre-gam	e)	
	Total	252				

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

$$H(4) = 11.846, p=0.019 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

 $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 4.752, p=0.029 \*

	Ranks			Test Stat	tigting a,b	
	Attitude to synthesised voices		Mean	Chi-Square	Item 11_1 31.088	
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4	
Item 11_1	1	13	67.58	Asymp. Sig.	.000	
	2	42	123.96	a. Kruskal Wall	is Test	
	3	129	119.69	b. Grouping Variable:		
	4	63	146.15	Attitude to synthesised voi		
	5	5	229.00	(pre-game)		
	Total	252				

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_1:

$$H(4) = 31.088, p=0.000 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_1:

1 x 3: 
$$H(1) = 8.236, p=0.004 *$$

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 15.907,  $p$ =0.000 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 10.977,  $p$ =0.001 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.134,  $p$ =0.715

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.302,  $p$ =0.069

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 11.224,  $p$ =0.001 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 7.832,  $p$ =0.005 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 12.672,  $p$ =0.000 \*

Item 11\_2: Please give your opinion on the quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do you think the voices are adequate for the type of learning platform presented here?

Ranks					Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Attitude to					Item 11_2	
	synthesised voices		Mean	II	Chi-Square	16.508	
	(pre-game)	N	Rank		df	4	
Item 11_2	1	13	85.08	Asymp. Sig.		.002	
	2	42	107.37		a. Kruskal Wall	is Test	
	3	129	129.26		b. Grouping Var		
	4	63	135.86	(		nesised voices	
	5	5	205.90				
	Total	252					

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_2:

$$H(4) = 16.508, p=0.002 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_2:

(Key: Group 1 = 'Hate' synthesised voices; Group 2: 'Tolerate' synthesised voices but prefer human voices; Group 3: 'neutral', Group 4: synthesised voices 'sometimes suitable'; Group 5: synthesised voices are 'sometimes more suitable than human voices')

1 x 2: H(1) = 1.026, 
$$p$$
=0.311

1 x 3: 
$$H(1) = 5.140, p=0.023 *$$

1 x 4: 
$$H(1) = 6.192, p=0.013 *$$

1 x 5: 
$$H(1) = 6.888, p=0.009 *$$

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 3.403,  $p$ =0.065

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 7.504,  $p$ =0.006 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.443,  $p$ =0.506

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 6.457,  $p$ =0.011 \*

# Item 11 3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

<b>有数数数数</b>	<b>基本企业主要基本企</b> 员	h (4.4			11111
	Ranks	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>			
	Attitude to				Item 11_3
	synthesised voices		Mean	Chi-Square	12.383
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4
Item 11_3	1	13	87.04	Asymp. Sig.	.015
	2	42	123.98	a. Kruskal Wall	is Test
	3	129	121.28	b. Grouping Var	riable:
	4	63	141.87	Attitude to synth	hesised voices
	5	5	191.30	(pre-game)	
	Total	252			

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_3:

$$H(4) = 12.383, p=0.015 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_3:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 3.021,  $p$ =0.082

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 2.941,  $p$ =0.086

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.736,  $p$ =0.009 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.900,  $p$ =0.048 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.055,  $p$ =0.815

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.816,  $p$ =0.178

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.125,  $p$ =0.042 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.805,  $p$ =0.051

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.409,  $p$ =0.036 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.623,  $p$ =0.057

# F3: Kruskal-Wallis Test Results: Taidhgín

Expansion of Kruskal-Wallis Test for items showing significance in Table 5.13, Chapter 5. These expansions show the mean rank scores and the direction of the differences. They also give the post hoc analysis showing where the difference lies.

#### Gender

Item 4: To what extent to do you think this type of learning platforms (i.e. the interaction and playfulness) would help in practicing conversational lrish?

				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Ranks				Item 4	
	Gender	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	5.143	
Item 4	Female	166	120.00	Asymp. Sig.	.023	
	Male Total	62 228	99.78	a. Kruskal Wal		
				Gender		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 4:

H(1)=5.143, p=0.023 \*

Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Ranks					Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
			Mean			Item 9	
	Gender	N	Rank		Chi-Square	5.135	
Item 9	Female	166	108.99	df		1	
	Male	62	129.24		Asymp. Sig.	.023	
	Total	228			a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
					b. Grouping Variable:		
					Gender		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 9:

H(1)=5.135, p=0.023 \*

Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in Taidhgín?

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
			Mean			Item 10	
	Gender	N	Rank		Chi-Square	7.243	
Item 10	Female	166	107.78		df 1		
	Male	62	132.50		Asymp. Sig.	.007	
	Total	228			a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
					b. Grouping Variable:		
					Gender		

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

H(1)=7.243, p=0.007 \*

#### **Between-School Differences**

Item 3: How would you describe the movements of the talking monkey and their alignment to speech?

	Ranks			Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
					Item 3	
	School Type	N	Rank	Chi-Square	6.562	
Item 3	Gaeltacht	80	122.48	df		
	Gaelscoil	22	84.59	Asymp. Sig.	.038	
	English	126	114.65	a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
	Total	228		b. Grouping Variable:		
				School Type		

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 3:

H(2)=6.562, p=0.038 \*

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 3:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=6.686, p=0.010\*

Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=0.813, p=0.367Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=4.404, p=0.036 \*

Item 4: To what extent do you think this type of learning platform (i.e. the interaction and playfulness) would help in practicing conversational lrish?

	Ranks			Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
			Mean		Item 4	
	School Type	N	Rank	Chi-Square	17.186	
Item 4	Gaeltacht	80	101.58	df	2	
	Gaelscoil	22	81.61	Asymp. Sig.	.000	
	English	126	128.44	a. Kruskal Wall	is Test	
	Total	228		b. Grouping Va	riable:	
				School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 4:

H(2)=17.186, p=0.000 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 4:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=1.872, p=0.171 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=9.999, p=0.002 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=11.581, p=0.001 \*

# Item 5: Would you use a virtual conversation partner (like the talking monkey) should it be available and easily accessible in your school?

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
			Mean			Item 5	
	School Type	N	Rank		Chi-Square	14.895	
Item 5	Gaeltacht	80	104.86		df	2	
	Gaelscoil	22	78.16		Asymp. Sig.	.001	
	English	126	126.96		a. Kruskal Wall	l Wallis Test	
	Total	228			b. Grouping Var	riable:	
					School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

H(2)=14.895, p=0.001 \*

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=3.237, p=0.072 Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=6.497, p=0.011 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 11.798, p=0.001 \*

Item 6: To what extent would you be motivated by this type of activity?

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
			Mean			Item 6	
	School Type	N	Rank		Chi-Square	15.082	
Item 6	Gaeltacht	80	112.43		df	2	
	Gaelscoil	22	70.75		Asymp. Sig.	.001	
	English	126	123.45		a. Kruskal Wal	Kruskal Wallis Test	
	Total	228			b. Grouping Variable:		
100					School Type		

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 6:

H(2)=15.082, p=0.001 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 6:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=9.045, p=0.003 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=1.833, p=0.176 Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 14.106, p=0.000 \*

Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in Taidhgín?

	Ranks			Test Stati	Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
			Mean		Item 10		
	School Type	N	Rank	Chi-Square	20.754		
Item 10	Gaeltacht	80	139.76	df	2		
	Gaelscoil	22	104.82	Asymp. Sig.	.000		
	English	126	100.15	a. Kruskal Walli	s Test		
	Total	228		b. Grouping Var	iable: School		
				Туре			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

H(2)=20.754, p=0.000 \*

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=5.671, p=0.017 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=20.346, p=0.000 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)=0.089, p=0.766

# 11\_3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

	Ranks			Test Stat	istics <sup>a,b</sup>
	School Type	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 11_3 6.408
Item 11_3	Gaeltacht	80	127.78	df	2
	Gaelscoil	22	96.82	Asymp. Sig.	.041
	English	126	109.16	a. Kruskal Wallis Test	
	Total	228		b. Grouping Var	riable:
				School Type	

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_3:

H(2)=6.408, p=0.041 \*

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_3:

Gaeltacht x Gaelscoil: H(1)=4.653, p=0.031 \* Gaeltacht x English: H(1)=4.353, p=0.037 \* Gaelscoil x English: H(1)= 0.674, p=0.412

### **Frequency Playing Computer Games**

# Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Ranks				tics <sup>a,b</sup>	
Frequency Playing		Mean		Item 9	
Computer Games	N	Rank	Chi-Square	10.558	
Never	47	103.95	df	3	
Seldom	127	108.67	Asymp. Sig.	.014	
Weekly	37	138.66	a. Kruskal Wal		
Daily	17	134.65	b. Grouping Va		
Total	228		Frequency Play	ring	
	Frequency Playing Computer Games Never Seldom Weekly Daily	Frequency Playing Computer Games  Never 47 Seldom 127 Weekly 37 Daily 17	Frequency Playing Computer Games N Rank Never 47 103.95 Seldom 127 108.67 Weekly 37 138.66 Daily 17 134.65	Frequency Playing Computer Games N Rank Never 47 103.95 Seldom 127 108.67 Weekly 37 138.66 Daily Mean Chi-Square df Asymp. Sig. a. Kruskal Wal b. Grouping Va	

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 9:

$$H(3) = 10.558, p=0.014 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 9:

(Key: 1 = Never; 2 = Seldom; 3 = Weekly; 4 = Daily)

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 0.153, p=0.695

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 7.592, p=0.006 \*

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 3.901, p=0.048 \*

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 6.719, p=0.010 \*

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 2.679, p=0.102

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.113, p=0.736

# Item 11\_2: Please give your opinion on the quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do you think the voices are adequate for the type of learning platform presented here?

Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Frequency Playing Computer Games	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 11_2 15.218	
Item 11_2	Never	47	91.17	df	3	
	Seldom	127	116.56	Asymp. Sig.	.002	
	Weekly	37	139.27	a. Kruskal Wal	lis Test	
	Daily	17	109.68	b. Grouping Variable:		
	Total	228		Frequency Play Computer Gam		

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_2:

$$H(3) = 15.218, p=0.002 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_2:

(Key: 1 = Never; 2 = Seldom; 3 = Weekly; 4 = Daily)

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 6.405, p=0.011 \*

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 14.595, p=0.000 \*

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.395, p=0.238

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 4.680, p=0.031 \*

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.227, p=0.634

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 4.184, p=0.041 \*

Item 11\_3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>	
	Frequency Playing Computer Games	N	Mean Rank		Chi-Square	Item 11_3 8.192
Item 11_3	Never	47	95.37		df 3	
	Seldom	127	121.02		Asymp. Sig.	.042
	Weekly	37	124.43		a. Kruskal Wallis Test b. Grouping Variable:	
	Daily	17	97.06			
	Total 228				Frequency Playing Games	ing Computer

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_3:

$$H(3) = 8.192, p=0.042 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_3:

(Key: 
$$1 = \text{Never}$$
;  $2 = \text{Seldom}$ ;  $3 = \text{Weekly}$ ;  $4 = \text{Daily}$ )

 $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 5.765, p=0.016 \*

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 4.597, p=0.032 \*

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 0.019, p=0.891

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.080, p=0.777

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 2.258, p=0.133

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 2.399, p=0.121

# Level of Understanding of Irish

Item 4: To what extent do you think this type of learning platform (i.e. the interaction and playfulness) would help in practicing conversational lrish?

Ranks					Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Level of					Item 4	
	understanding of		Mean		Chi-Square	14.067	
	Irish	N	Rank		df	4	
Item 4	1 = Lowest Level	3	123.17		Asymp. Sig.	.007	
	2	2	139.50		<ul><li>a. Kruskal Wallis Test</li><li>b. Grouping Variable:</li><li>Level of understanding</li></ul>		
	3	36	141.17				
	4	100	118.02				
					of Irish		

5 = Highest Level	87	98.55	
Total	228		

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 4:

$$H(4) = 14.067, p=0.007 *$$

# Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 4:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.111, p=0.739

1 x 3: 
$$H(1) = 0.358, p=0.549$$

1 x 4: 
$$H(1) = 0.020, p=0.888$$

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.560,  $p$ =0.454

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.006,  $p$ =0.941

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.258,  $p$ =0.612

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.931,  $p$ =0.335

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.100,  $p$ =0.043 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 12.378,  $p$ =0.000 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.008,  $p$ =0.025 \*

# Item 5: Would you use a virtual conversation partner (like the talking monkey) should it be available and easily accessible in your school?

	Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>	
	Level of understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank		Chi-Square	Item 5 20.580
Item 5	1 = Lowest Level	3	129.67		df Asymp. Sig.	.000
	2	36	99.50 148.21		a. Kruskal Wall b. Grouping Va	
	4 5 = Highest Level	100 87	119.21 94.97		Level of understanding of lrish	
	Total	228				

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 5:

$$H(4) = 20.580, p=0.000 *$$

Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 5:

(Key: Group 1 = Lowest level - Group 5 = Highest level of understanding of Irish)

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.667,  $p$ =0.414

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.481,  $p$ =0.488

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.096,  $p$ =0.757

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.980,  $p$ =0.322

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 2.003,  $p$ =0.157

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.225,  $p$ =0.636

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.055,  $p$ =0.814

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.680,  $p$ =0.010 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 17.251,  $p$ =0.000 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 7.551,  $p$ =0.006 \*

# Item 6: To what extent would you be motivated by this type of activity?

				22/3/25/2042/30/	-	
Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Level of		Mean		Item 6	
	understanding of Irish	N	Rank	Chi-Square	10.411	
Item 6	1 = Lowest Level	3	111.33	df	4	
	2	2	67.25	Asymp. Sig.	.034	
	3	36	139.83	a. Kruskal Wallis	Test	
	4	100	115.09	b. Grouping Vari		
	5 = Highest Level	87	104.53	of understanding of Irish		
	Total	228				

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 6:

$$H(4) = 10.411, p=0.034 *$$

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 6:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.370  $p$ =0.543

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.488,  $p$ =0.485

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.015,  $p$ =0.903

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.031,  $p$ =0.861

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 2.524,  $p$ =0.112

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.429,  $p$ =0.232

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.750,  $p$ =0.387

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.987,  $p$ =0.026 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 8.525,  $p$ =0.004 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.596,  $p$ =0.206

# Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in Taidhgín?

Ranks				Test Statistics <sup>a,b</sup>		
	Level of understanding of Irish	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 10 15.908	
Item 10	1 = Lowest Level	3	86.83	Asymp. Sig.	.003	
	2	2	41.50	a. Kruskal Wallis Test		
	3	36	122.58	b. Grouping Vari	able:	
	4	100	99.66	Level of understanding o		
	5 = Highest Level	87	130.85			
	Total	228				

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

$$H(4) = 15.908, p=0.003 *$$

### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 0.351,  $p$ =0.554

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.876,  $p$ =0.349

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.180,  $p$ =0.672

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.360,  $p$ =0.244

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 3.837,  $p$ =0.050

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 1.482,  $p$ =0.223

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.354,  $p$ =0.037 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.783,  $p$ =0.052

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.569,  $p$ =0.451

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 11.605,  $p$ =0.001 \*

#### **Attitude towards Synthetic Voices**

## Item 1: Do you feel the graphic display (the talking monkey) is suitable for this type of game/activity?

	Ranks			Test Stati	stics <sup>2,b</sup>
	Attitude to				Item 1
	Synthesised Voices		Mean	Chi-Square	12.268
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4
Item 1	1 =hate	10	106.15	Asymp. Sig.	.015
	2	45	116.32	a. Kruskal Wal	lis Test
	3	111	102.64	b. Grouping Va	riable:
	4	60	135.99	Attitude to synt	thesised
	5 =suitable	2	129.00	voice (pre-gam	e)
	Total	228			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 1:

$$H(4) = 12.268, p=0.015 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 1:

(Key: Group 1 = 'Hate' synthesised voices; Group 2: 'Tolerate' synthesised voices but prefer human voices; Group 3: 'neutral', Group 4: synthesised voices 'sometimes suitable'; Group 5: synthesised voices are 'sometimes more suitable than human voices')

1 x 2: H(1) = 0.228, p=0.633

 $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.019, p=0.890

 $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 2.075, p=0.150

 $1 \times 5$ : H(1) = 0.215, p=0.643

 $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 1.693, p=0.193

 $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 3.011, p=0.083

 $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 0.085, p=0.771

 $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 11.809, p=0.001 \*

 $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 0.410, p=0.522

 $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 0.054, p=0.816

Item 6: To what extent would you be motivated by this type of activity?

	Ranks			Test Statis	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Attitude to Synthesised Voices (pre-game)	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	ltem 6 10.947 4
Item 6	1 =hate 2 3	10 45 111	92.10 120.18 104.35	Asymp. Sig.  a. Kruskal Wall  b. Grouping Va	
	4 5 =suitable Total	60 2 228	131.48 152.75	Attitude to Synt Voices (pre-gan	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 6:

H(4) = 10.947, p=0.027 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 6:

- $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 2.122, p=0.145
- $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.406, p=0.524
- $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 3.391, p=0.066
- $1 \times 5$ : H(1) = 1.775, p=0.183
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 2.510, p=0.113
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.081, p=0.298
- $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 0.660, p=0.416
- $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 7.938, p=0.005 \*
- $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 1.384, p=0.239
- $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 0.191, p=0.662

Item 8: The overall standard of the Irish used by Taidhgín is at about the right level for me.

Ranks			Test Stati	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
Attitude to synthesised voices (pre-game)	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square	Item 8 11.168 4
Item 8 1 =hate 2 3 4 5 =suitable	10 45 111 60 2	80.70 116.91 107.86 127.62 204.50	Asymp. Sig.  a. Kruskal Walb. Grouping V Attitude to synvoices (pre-gar	ariable:
Total	228			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 8:

$$H(4) = 11.168, p=0.025 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 8:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 2.582,  $p$ =0.108

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 1.998,  $p$ =0.158

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.482,  $p$ =0.034 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.004,  $p$ =0.045 \*

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.663,  $p$ =0.416

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 0.726,  $p$ =0.394

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.885,  $p$ =0.049 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.139,  $p$ =0.042 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.456,  $p$ =0.035 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.573,  $p$ =0.059

Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

	Ranks			Test Statis	tics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Attitude towards		Maan	GI i G	Item 9
	synthesised voices (pre-game)	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square df	14.607 4
Item 9	1 =hate	10	99.15	Asymp. Sig.	.006
	2	45	102.90	a. Kruskal Wal	lis Test
	3	111	108.38	b. Grouping Va	riable:
	4	60	133.98	Attitude toward	is
	5 =suitable	2	207.50	synthesised voi	ces (pre-
	Total	228		game)	

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 9:

$$H(4) = 14.607, p=0.006 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 9:

- $1 \times 2$ : H(1) = 0.107, p=0.744
- $1 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.339, p=0.560
- $1 \times 4$ : H(1) = 1.892, p=0.169
- $1 \times 5$ : H(1) = 2.536, p=0.111
- $2 \times 3$ : H(1) = 0.259, p=0.611
- $2 \times 4$ : H(1) = 7.386, p=0.007 \*
- $2 \times 5$ : H(1) = 6.447, p=0.011 \*
- $3 \times 4$ : H(1) = 7.227, p=0.007 \*
- $3 \times 5$ : H(1) = 5.348, p=0.021 \*
- $4 \times 5$ : H(1) = 3.151, p=0.076

Item10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that

are used in Taidhgin?

	Ranks			Test Stati	stics <sup>a,b</sup>
	Attitude to				Item 10
	synthesised voices		Mean	Chi-Square	15.347
	(pre-game)	N	Rank	df	4
Item 10	1 =hate	10	98.90	Asymp. Sig.	.004
	2	45	119.04	a. Kruskal Wal	lis Test
	3	111	102.18	b. Grouping Va	ariable:
	4	60	133.43	Attitude to syn	thesised
	5 =suitable	2	206.00	voices (pre-gar	ne)
	Total	228			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 10:

H(4) = 15.347, p=0.004 \*

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 10:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 1.188,  $p$ =0.276

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.032,  $p$ =0.859

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 2.346,  $p$ =0.126

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.164,  $p$ =0.075

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 2.817,  $p$ =0.093

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 2.094,  $p$ =0.148

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 5.416,  $p$ =0.020 \*

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 9.367,  $p$ =0.002 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 4.629,  $p$ =0.031 \*

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 3.290,  $p$ =0.070

Item 11\_3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

	Ranks			Test Stat	istics <sup>a,b</sup>
-	Attitude to synthesised voices (pre-game)	N	Mean Rank	Chi-Square df	10.205 4
ltem 11_3	1 =hate	10	85.50	Asymp. Sig.	.037
	2	45	112.58	a. Kruskal Wall	is Test
	3	111	106.98	b. Grouping Va	riable:
	4	60	133.45	Attitude to synt	
	5 =suitable	2	151.50	voices (pre-gam	ne)
	Total	228			

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Item 11\_3:

$$H(4) = 10.205, p=0.037 *$$

#### Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for post hoc analysis of Item 11\_3:

$$1 \times 2$$
: H(1) = 1.910,  $p$ =0.167

$$1 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 1.153,  $p$ =0.283

$$1 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 4.282,  $p$ =0.039 \*

$$1 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.814,  $p$ =0.178

$$2 \times 3$$
: H(1) = 0.308,  $p$ =0.579

$$2 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 3.306,  $p$ =0.069

$$2 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.986,  $p$ =0.321

$$3 \times 4$$
: H(1) = 6.903,  $p$ =0.009 \*

$$3 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 1.088,  $p$ =0.297

$$4 \times 5$$
: H(1) = 0.066, p=0.798

## Appendix G

G1: Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient for Digichaint

Table 1: Spearman's rho correlations for Digichaint

						I a U I	e r. she	ai man	s rno co	Jiiciau	0113 101	Digitina	IIIIC						
Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item	Item
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17_1	17_2	17_3
1																			
2	r <sub>s</sub> (248)																		
	=.256;																		
	p = .000																		
3	$r_s(248) =$	rs(248)																	
	.440;	=.129;																	
	p=.000	p=.041																	
4	r <sub>s</sub> ==	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)																
	.284;	=.207;	=.455;																
	p = .000	p = .001	p = .000																
5	r <sub>s</sub> =	r.(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)															
	.489;	=.241;	=.396;	=.258;															
	p=.000	p=.000	p = .000	p = .000															
6	$r_s =$	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)														
	.287;	=.292;	=.244;	=.220;	=.302;														
7	p=.000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000														
7	r, m	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)													
	.407;	=.237;	=.301;	=.176;	=.563;	=.464;													
0	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	p=.005	p=.000	p=.000	(240)												-
8	7,=	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)												
	.380;	=.259;	=.387;	=.236;	=.543;	=.309;	=.533;												
9	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (248)											
9	.072;	$r_s(248)$ =0.59;	$r_s(248)$ = .127;	$r_s(248)$ = .060;	$r_s(248)$ = .166;	$r_{3}(248)$ = .052;	$r_s(248)$ = .077;												
	p=.257	p=.351	p=.044	p=.347	p=.008	p=.412	p=.227												
10	$p=.231$ $r_s=$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_{i}(248)$	r <sub>s</sub> (248)		r.(248)										
10	.388;	=.179;	=.312;	=.226;	=.429;	=.305**;	=.370;												
	p=.000	p=.005	p=.000		p=.000	p=.000		p=.000											
	p000	P003	P000	p000	p .000	P .000	P .000	P .000	P56										

	11	r,=	$r_{s}(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_{s}(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_{s}(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_{s}(248)$	$r_{s}(248)$	$r_{s}(248)$									
		.150;	=.125;	=.218;	=.109;	=.154;	=.135;	=.190;	=.112;	=0.72;	=.221;									
		p=.018	p = .048	p = .001	p = .086	p=.014	p = .033	p = .003	p = .078	p = .254	p = .000									
	12	r <sub>s</sub> m	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r.(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)								
		.277;	=.127;	=.202;	=.132;	=.270;	=.122;	=.142;	=.276;	=.128;	=.332;	=.302;								
		p=.000	p = .045	p=.001	p = .038	p=.000	p=.054	p = .025	p==.000	p = .044	p=.000	p=.000								
Γ	13	r <sub>s</sub> m	rs(248)	r.(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r <sub>2</sub> (248)	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)							
		.207;	=.063;	=.167;	=.010;	=.115;	=.154;	=.190;	=.103;	=.113;	=.280;	=.297;	=.284;							
		p=.001	p = .324	p = .008	p = .878	p=.070	p=.015	p = .003	p = .106	p = .075	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000							
Г	14	$r_s =$	rs(248)	rs(248)	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	r,(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r.(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)						
		.211;	=.102;	=.186;	=.174;	=.118;	=.149;	=.158;	=.132;	=.119;	=.296;	=.094;	=.301;	=.290;						
		p = .001	p = .107	p = .003	p = .006	p = .063	p = .018	p=.012	p = .037	p = .060	p=.000	p=.138	p = .000	p = .000						
	15	r <sub>s</sub> =	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r.(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)					
		.294,	=.069;	=.120;	=.105;	=.203;	=.061;	=.231;	=.178;	=.113;	=.229;	=.114;	=.243;	=.236;	=.388;					
		p = .000	p = .280	p = .057	p = .097	p = .001	p = .335	p = .000	p = .005	p = .074	p=.000	p = .072	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000					
	16	r <sub>s</sub> =	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	r (248)	r.(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)				
		.354;	=.284;	=.303;	=.271;	=.262;	=.157;	=.225;	=.261;	=.089;	=.309;	=.176;	=.406;	=.309;	=.331;	=.404;				
L		p=.000	p=.000	p = .000	p = .000	p=.000	p = .013	p = .000	p = .000	p=.160	p=.000	p=.005	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p=.000				
4	17	$r_s$ =	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)	rs(248)			
5	_1	.243;	=.250;	=.332;	=.211;	=.308;	=.332;	=.373;	=.327;	=.119;	=.390;	=.145;	=.147;	=.232;	=.159;	=.144;	=.291;			
$\infty$		p=.000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .001	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .061	p=.000	p = .022	p = .020	p = .000	p = .012	p = .023	p = .000			
	17	$r_x^{m}$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_{1}(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_{s}(248)$	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)		
	_2	.323;	=.180;	=.296;	=.153;	=.298;	=.131;	=.306;	=.247;	=.096;	=.327;	=.275;	=.440;	=.300;	=.299;	=.323;	=.453;	=.314;		
L		p=.000	p = .004	p = .000	p = .015	p = .000	p = .038	p = .000	p = .000	p = .130	p=.000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000		
	17	r <sub>s</sub> ==	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	$r_{z}(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	$r_s(248)$	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	rs(248)	rs(248)	r.(248)	rs(248)	$r_s(248)$	rs(248)	r <sub>s</sub> (248)	
	_3	.446;	=.148;	=.332;	=.214;	=.276;	=.222;	=.235;	=.214;	=079;	=.338;	=.240;	=.362;	=.290;	=.260;	=.377;	=.471;	=.301;	=.366;	

p=.000 p=.001 p=.000 p=.001 p=.000 p

11 - (248) - (248) - (248) - (248) - (248) - (248) - (248) - (248) - (248)

Green = Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed)

Blue = Correlation has not reached significance

### G2: Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient for Fáilte go TCD

	Item																												
	Item	+																											
	Item																												
0	Item 10																												
Table 2: Spearman's rho correlations for Fáilte go TCD	Item 9																										r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.448;	000°=d
ns for Fá	Item 8																							r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.205;	p=.001	r,(250)	=.159;	p=.012
orrelatio	Item 7																				r,(250)	=.235;	p=.000	r,(250)	=.307;	000°=d	r,(250)	=.169;	P=.007
n's rho c	Item 6																	r,(250)	504;	000°=d	r,(250)	=.261;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.377;	000°=d	r,(250)	=.274;	D=.000
Spearma	Item 5														r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.518;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.623;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.223;	000°=d	rs(250)	=.220;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.199;	p=.002
Fable 2:	Item 4											r <sub>2</sub> (250)	=.567;	000°=d	r,(250)	=.536;	000°=d	r,(250)	=.513;	000°=d	r,(250)	=212;	p=.001	r,(250)	=.330;	000°=d	r <sub>1</sub> (250)	=.148;	610'=d
	Item 3								$r_s(250)$	=.437;	000°-d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.304;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.327;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=313;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.066;	p=.295	r,(250)	=.336;	000°-d	r,(250)	=.241;	000°=d
	Item 2					r,(250)	=.493;	p=.000	r,(250)	=.401;	000°=d	r,(250)	=.278;	p=.000	r,(250)	=217;	p=.001	r,(250)	=.318;	000°=d	r,(250)	=.147;	p = .020	r,(250)	=.212;	p=.001	r,(250)	=.209;	P=.001
	Item		r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.414;	000°=d	rs(250)	=.368;	p=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.335;	p=.000	rs(250)	=.300;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.322;	D=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	=.336;	000°-d	r,(250)	=.124;	p = .050	r,(250)	=.233;	D=.000	r,(250)	=.177;	p=.005
		_	2			3			4			2			9			7			œ			6			10		

11_	rs(250)	$r_s(250)$	r <sub>s</sub> (250)	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	rs(250)	rs(250)	$r_s(250)$			
1	=.314;	=.369;	=.308;	=.474;	=.398;	=.453;	=.405;	=.229;	=.268;	=.139;			
	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .028			
11_	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	rs(250)	$r_s(250)$									
2	=.219;	=.261;	=.342;	=.303;	=.272;	=.387;	=.276;	=.190;	=.546;	=.338;	=.208;		
	p = .000	p=.000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .002	p=.000	p=.000	p = .001		
11_	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	$r_s(250)$	
3	=.268;	=.219;	=.317;	=.215;	=.255;	=.304;	=.289;	=.223;	=.476;	=.272;	=.167;	=.364;	
	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	p=.001	p=.000	p=.000	p=.000	p = .000	p=.000	p=.000	p = .008	p = .000	

Yellow = Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed)

Green = Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed)

Blue = Correlation has not reached significance

## G3: Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient for Taidhgín

				_				-		_			_											_			
Item11 3																											
Item11 2																											
Item11 1	000																										
Item10																											
Table 3: Spearman's rno correlations for TalanginItem4Item6Item6Item7Item9Item9																									rs(226)	=.475;	p=.000
Item8																						r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.334;	p = .000	r,(226)	=.287;	D=.000
O correl																			rs(226)	=.339;	p = .000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.268;	p = .000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.260;	p=.000
Item6																rs(226)	=.509;	p=.000	r,(226)	=.340;	p=.000	r,(226)	=.336;	p=.000	r,(226)	=.305;	D=.000
Spearm Item5													r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.581;	p=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.470;	p=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.303;	p = .000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.195;	p = .003	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.242;	p=.000
Item4										r,(226)	=.556;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.598;	p=.000	r,(226)	=.504;	p = .000	rs(226)	=.265;	p = .000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.241;	D=.000	r.(226)	=.132;	p=.047
I Item3							rs(226)	=.401;	p=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.421;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.520;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.321;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.309;	p = .000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.337;	D=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.296;	p=.000
Item 2				r,(226)	=349;	D=.000	rs(226)	=.498;	000°=d	rs(226)	=.419;	000°=d	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.432;	p=.000	r,(226)	=.542;	000°-d	rs(226)	=.344;	p=.000	r,(226)	=.247;	D=.000	r <sub>s</sub> (226)	=.230;	p=.000
Item1		r.(226)	=.538; p=.000	r,(226)	=.374;	D=.000	rs(226)	=.401;	D=.000	rs(226)	=.355;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.378;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.491;	D=.000	rs(226)	=.255;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.256;	p=.000	rs(226)	=.194;	p=.003
	Item1	Item2		Item3			Item4			Item5			Item6			Item7			Item8			Item9			Item10		

Item11_1	rs(226)		rs(226)						rs(226)				
	=.333;	=.415;	=.281;	=.477;	=.377;	=.453;	=.403;	=.367;	=.251;	=.226;			
	p = .000	p = .001											
Item11_2	$r_s(226)$												
	=.336;	=.300;	=.401;	=.323;	=.265;	=.321;	=.278;	=.248;	=.468;	=.397;	=.370;		
	p=.000	p = .000	p=.000	p = .000									
Item11_3	$r_s(226)$	$r_s(226)$	$r_s(226)$	$r_s(226)$	$r_s(226)$	rs(226)	rs(226)	rs(226)	$r_s(226)$	$r_s(226)$	$r_s(226)$	rs(226)	
	=.266;	=.195;	=.426;	=.311;	=.280;	=.429;	=.256;	=.140;	=.469;	=.411;	=.218;	=.488;	
	p=.000	p = .003	p = .000	p=.000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .000	p = .035	p = .000	p = .000	p = .001	p=.000	

Yellow = Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed)

Green = Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed)

Blue = Correlation has not reached significance

#### **Appendix H**

Appendix H includes detailed item-by-item analysis of the significant results from the Kruskal-Wallis Test. It provides a parallel extended discursive presentation of the accounts in Chapter 5.9.3.3: Post-game inferential statistical results.

#### H1: Digichaint Statistical Analysis

Appendix H1 follows the structure of Chapter 5.9.3.3.2 (*Digichaint statistical analysis*). The precise values referred to below can be seen in Table 5.9 of that chapter.

#### Influence of Gender

The question of gender has significance for only one post-game item (Item 1), i.e. girls had a significantly higher opinion of the quality of the graphics in *Digichaint* (H(1)=6.120, p=0.013\*) than did boys (mean rank: girls = 131.96; boys: 108.21).

#### Influence of Between-School Differences

'School type' is the background factor which has the most statistically significant relationships with post-game items. It was not, however, related to 8 of the 19 post-game items - namely respondents opinions on Item 2 – the technical ease/difficulty of the game; Item 6 - clarity of the plot; Item 9 degree of focus on plot; Item 12 – intelligibility of synthesised voice; Item 15 – atmosphere created by synthetic voices; Item 16 – the suitability of the synthesised voice for Digichaint; Item 17\_2 – adequacy of the synthesised voice for *Digichaint* or Item 17\_3 – the attractiveness of the synthesised voices.

The Kruskal-Wallis test shows that there is a significant Between-School Type difference in relation to each of the Items 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14 and 17\_1 (the precise values can be seen in Table 5.9). In order to identify the nature of these differences more fully, further Kruskal-Wallis post hoc tests were carried out for each statistically significant relationship. The results of these post hoc tests are outlined below and given in full in Appendix F1.

It is interesting to note that for 7 of the 11 items which showed significant between-school differences, pupils in Gaeltacht schools and the Gaelscoileanna form a coherent group showing no significant differences between themselves but each being significantly different from their counterparts in English-medium schools.

#### Item 1: Rate the graphics used in this game on a scale of 1-5.

English-medium schools showed a higher opinion of the quality of the graphics (mean rank: 143.83) than did pupils from the other school types (mean rank: Gaeltacht schools = 103.57; Gaelscoileanna = 99.02).

Item 3: I learned some new phrases/words/grammar points as I played the game. English-medium schools were also more likely to have learned some new phrases/words/grammar points as they played the game (mean ranks: English schools: 144.66; Gaeltacht schools: 105.59; Gaelscoileanna: 87.44).

#### Item 4: The dictionary is helpful as an aid to learning Irish in this game.

Of the three school types, Gaeltacht school respondents showed a statistically significant difference from English-medium school respondents with regard to their opinion on usefulness of the dictionary as an aid to learning Irish in Digichaint (H(1)=26.824, p=0.000\*). While there was some difference between the Gaeltacht schools and the Gaelscoileanna on this item (H(1)=1.184, p=0.276) and between Gaelscoileanna and English-medium schools (H(1)=3.348, p=0.067), the difference was not statistically significant. Mean rankings for Item 4 show English schools most favourably disposed towards the usefulness of the dictionary function as an aid to learning Irish (mean rank 143.96) followed by Gaelscoileanna (mean rank: 116.72) and then Gaeltacht schools (mean rank: 98.22). This is most probably because those from Gaelscoileanna and Gaeltacht schools had no need for the facility.

## Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

Item 5 shows a significant difference in the relationship between each of the school types in respect of their enjoyment of *Digichaint* as a language learning experience (Gaeltacht schools differed significantly from Gaelscoileanna (H(1)=12.337, p=0.000\*) and from English-medium schools (H(1)=9.492, p=0.002\*) and Gaelscoileanna also differed significantly from English-medium schools (H(1)=23.158, p=0.000\*). The most favourable rating for 'enjoyment of the game' came from English-medium schools (mean rank: 141.95) and there was a significantly lower rating by Gaeltacht pupils (mean rank: 115.52). The opinion of Gaelscoil pupils was significantly lower than that of either of the other two groups (mean rank: 68.36).

#### Item 7: Was the plot credible for this type of game?

The Kruskal-Wallis test shows statistically significant differences between each of the three school types in relation to respondents' opinions on the credibility of the plot of the game (Gaeltacht x Gaelscoileanna differences: H(1)=5.782,

p=0.016\*; Gaeltacht x English school differences: H(1)=7.212, p=0.007\*; Gaelscoil x English school differences: H(1)=19.079, p=0.000\*). English-medium schools show highest regard for the credibility of the plot (mean rank: 140.33), followed by Gaeltacht pupils (mean rank: 115.55), with Gaelscoil pupils believing least in its credibility (mean rank: 77.26).

#### Item 8: The game held my attention.

On Item 8 again there was a significant difference between each of the three school types (Gaeltacht x Gaelscoileanna differences: H(1)=10.337, p=0.001\*; Gaeltacht x English school differences: H(1)=5.057, p=0.025\*; Gaelscoil x English school differences: H(1)=15.674, p=0.000\*). The English-medium schools had the highest scores (mean rank: 138.15), followed by the Gaeltacht schools (mean rank: 119.30), who in turn had a significantly higher score than pupils in Gaelscoileanna (mean rank: 76.48).

## Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

The Kruskal-Wallis test shows a significant difference between English-medium school and Gaeltacht schools with regard to Item 10 (H(1)=4.589, p=0.032\*). English-medium schools scored highest on their opinions on the balance between enjoyment and language learning in *Digichaint* (mean ranks: English-medium school: 134.46; Gaeltacht school: 116.53; Gaelscoil: 106.52). The difference between Gaeltacht schools and Gaelscoileanna was not statistically significant (H(1)=0.628, p=0.428).

## Item 11: The overall standard of the Irish used in this game is at about the right level for me.

Item 11 asked respondents to rate the degree to which they agreed with the statement that 'the overall standard of the Irish used in the game was at about the right level for me'. The results from the Kruskal-Wallis test show a significant difference between Gaelscoileanna and the other two school types (Gaelscoil x Gaeltacht: H(1)=4.299, *p*=0.038\*; Gaelscoil x English-medium school: H(1)=7.350, p=0.007\*), with Gaelscoileanna having a significantly greater degree of agreement with the statement (mean ranks: Gaelscoileanna = 158.02; Gaeltacht schools = 123.62; English-medium schools = 120.82). The test results show no significant difference between Gaeltacht and English-medium schools (H(1)=0.072, p=0.788). The question asked for the degree to which pupils agreed with the statement provided. Item 11a sought to take this a step further and enquire into the reason why pupils reported that the language level was unsuitable. It asked pupils to indicate whether they found the level of Irish 'too difficult' or 'too easy'. Results from the analysis of the data produced from Item 11a indicates there is a very big difference between Gaeltacht schools and English-medium schools since the majority of Gaeltacht school responses (74%)

found the standard of Irish 'too easy' for them while the opposite held for English-medium schools, where 69% found the standard of Irish 'too difficult'. This shows an important distinction between the comprehension levels of Gaeltacht pupils and pupils in English-medium schools. A statistically significant difference appears between Gaelscoileanna and Gaeltacht schools with respondents from Gaeltacht schools more likely to think the standard of Irish was too low for them. The difference between Gaelscoileanna and English-medium schools was also significant with the English-medium schools having a significantly greater chance of reporting that the language difficulty was too high for them.

## Item 13: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in *Digichaint*?

Gaeltacht schools reported significantly less difficulty in understanding the two different dialects than the English-medium schools (H(1)=5.385, p=0.020\*). The difference between Gaelscoileanna and Gaeltacht schools was not statistically significant (H(1)=0.032, p=0.858). The Kruskal-Wallis test shows a mean rank of 137.81 for Gaeltacht schools: 136.04 for Gaelscoileanna and 115.99 for English-medium schools.

## Item 14: I found it no more difficult to understand the computer-generated voice than I would if natural voices were used.

English-medium schools agreed most strongly that they found it no more difficult to understand the computer-generated voice than they would if natural voices were used in *Digichaint*. The Kruskal-Wallis test shows a mean rank of 135.13 for English schools, 116.19 for Gaeltacht schools and 103.96 for Gaelscoileanna. There was no statistically significant difference between Gaeltacht schools and Gaelscoileanna on this item (H(1)=0.809, p=0.368) whereas the difference between English-medium schools and Gaeltacht schools (H(1)=4.209, p=0.040\*) and Gaelscoileanna (H(1)=4.001, p=0.045\*) both reached statistical significance. This is in line with the Kang et al. (2008) observation that learners are not as sensitive to differences in naturalness between natural voices and synthetic voices as native speakers are. Those from English-medium schools approximate more closely to the "learners" in that they have less exposure to Irish.

## Item 17\_1: Give your opinion on the usefulness of the concept of producing an interactive language learning game in order to practice Irish.

Item 17\_1 enquired into respondents' opinions on the usefulness of the concept of producing an interactive language learning game in order to practice Irish. There was no significant difference between the respondents from Gaeltacht schools and those from Gaelscoileanna (H(1)=0.773, p=0.379) and both differed significantly from the responses of the English-medium cohort (English x

Gaeltacht schools: H(1)=5.157, p=0.023\* and English x Gaelscoileanna: H(1)=5.187, p=0.023\*). Significantly more of the English-medium school cohort were favourably disposed towards the usefulness of the concept of this type of game for language learning for Irish (mean ranks: English-medium schools = 135.74; Gaeltacht schools = 115.49; Gaelscoileanna = 102.96).

#### Influence of Frequency of Playing Computer Games

Frequency of playing computer games was significantly related to only 5 of the 19 post-game items. These are Items 4, 5, 8, 10 and 12 (see Table 5.9). See Appendix F1 for the exact breakdown of the results of the Kruskal-Wallis post hoc tests.

#### Item 4: The dictionary is helpful as an aid to learning Irish in this game.

Post hoc analysis of Item 4 shows that only one correlation of a possible six reaches statistical significance. While there was a statistically significant difference between those who 'seldom' played computer games and those who played 'weekly', in relation to their opinions on the usefulness of a dictionary as an aid to learning Irish in the game (H(1)=7.912, p=0.005\*), it would be unsafe to draw any conclusions from this difference as the numbers who play computer games weekly (20%) or daily (7%) are relatively low. The majority of respondents reported played games infrequently.

## Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

Item 5 shows a significant statistical relationship between the frequency with which one plays computer games and the ratings pupils give their overall enjoyment of *Digichaint*. The group with the highest ratings were those who 'seldom' played games and those with the lowest ratings for overall enjoyment were those who 'never' played games (mean ranks: 'seldom play': 136.25; 'play daily': 120.00; 'play weekly': 115.22; 'never play': 108.83).

#### Item 8: The game held my attention.

Those who reported most positively to the statement "the game held my attention" were those who played on a 'daily' basis and those who 'seldom' played games. These two groups showed no statistically significant difference between each other but both were significantly ahead of those who reported 'never' playing games or playing on a 'weekly' basis. The game was least likely to hold the attention of those who 'never' played (mean ranks: 'play daily': 148.58; 'seldom play': 137.44; 'play weekly': 107.21; 'never play': 103.27).

## Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

In relation to Item 10, those least likely to agree with the statement that "there is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning potential in the game" were those who 'never' played games. Those who played games on an occasional basis were most positive in relation to this balance (mean ranks: 'seldom play': 136.33; 'play daily': 118.00; 'play weekly': 116.92; 'never play': 107.60).

## Item 12: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

The clarity reported on the synthetic voices was also related to respondents' general game playing patterns. Those who 'never' played computer games gave the lowest ranking to the clarity of the synthetic voice while those who 'seldom' played gave it the highest (mean ranks: 'seldom play': 139.04; 'play daily': 114.53; 'play weekly': 110.48; 'never play': 108.10). There was a significant statistical difference between those two groups (H(1)=7.532, p=0.006\*). Those who 'seldom' played were also statistically more positive towards the clarity of the synthetic voice than those who played 'weekly' (H(1)=6.763, p=0.009\*).

#### Influence of Level of Understanding of Irish

In the discussion below respondents are divided into groups according to their rankings in the Likert scale. Group 1 refers to those who reported understanding 'a few words of Irish spoken slowly' and Group 5 being at the opposite end of the scale referring to those who understand 'almost all conversations at natural conversation speed'. Groups 2, 3 and 4 represent the in between rankings. For detailed results of the Kruskal-Wallis post hoc tests see Appendix F1.

#### Item 1: Rate the graphics used in this game on a scale of 1-5.

Groups 1 and 2 consisted of only 2 and 3 respondents respectively and so for the purposes of statistical analysis they are being ignored because of such small numbers. Of the remainder, the highest ranking was given to the graphics by those rate themselves at the mid-ranking of the Likert scale – those who understand 'parts of conversations' in Irish (Group 3). They gave a significantly higher rating to the graphics than those who reported the ability to understand 'almost all conversations at natural conversation speed' (Group 5), while the relationship between Group 3 and Group 4 (understand 'most conversations when spoken clearly'), though less pronounced, is also statistically significant. There appears to be an inverse relationship between one's level of Irish language comprehension and the rating one gave to the graphics. Those with highest reported language comprehension level gave the lowest ranking to the quality of the graphics (mean rankings: Group 3: 156.21; Group 4: 130.32; Group 5: 108.38). One is speculating from this that those who have

the highest existing language ability show least value for this type of language teaching game because it is somewhat irrelevant to them.

#### Item 3: I learned some new phrases/words/grammar points as I played the game.

Item 3 enquired into the extent to which pupils 'learned some new phrases/words/grammar points' as they played the game. Respondents who saw themselves in Group 4 (understand 'most conversations when spoken clearly') had the highest ranking in agreeing with this statement. These were closely followed by Group 3, while Group 5 gave significantly lower level of agreement with the proposition. This is in keeping with the fact that most of those in Group 5 had language capabilities beyond the language range presented in *Digichaint* and therefore had little new to learn (mean rankings: Group 4: 137.50; Group 3: 136.49; Group 5: 107.44).

#### Item 4: The dictionary is helpful as an aid to learning Irish in this game.

A similar pattern to that of Item 3 arises in Item 4, which deals with the helpfulness of the dictionary function as part of *Digichaint*. Groups 3 and 4 had mean rankings significantly higher than those of Group 5. One may similarly conjecture that since Group 5 had a higher level of language understanding they had less use for a dictionary (mean rankings: Group 3: 145.01; Group 4: 132.52; Group 5: 108.12).

## Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

Again, we see a similar pattern in the results for Item 5, which related to the pupils' overall enjoyment of *Digichaint* where the mean ranking of Group 3 was significantly higher than the mean ranking of Group 5. Group 4 occupied a midpoint between them and its mean rank score was not significantly different from either Group 3 or Group 5. Respondents' overall enjoyment of the game would appear to be linked to their degree of satisfaction with the game and the degree to which they had learned new material (mean rankings: Group 3: 141.53; Group 4: 130.81; Group 5: 113.97).

## Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

While the Kruskal-Wallis test shows a between-group difference for Item 10, when Groups 1 and 2 are excluded, there is no longer a statistically significant difference between Groups 3, 4 and 5. The general pattern found in the previous four items still holds with Groups 3 and 4 showing a higher mean ranking than Group 5. In this case, however, the rankings fall just short of statistical significance (mean rankings: Group 3: 132.32; Group 4: 131.23; Group 5: 118.53).

## Item 13: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in *Digichaint*?

Item 13 referred to difficulties respondents may have with the dialects that are used in *Digichaint*. Group 5 experienced least problems and their mean rank score for 'lack of

difficulty' was significantly higher than those of Groups 3 and 4. The mean rankings for Group 4 were between those of Groups 3 and 5 but did not fall within the range of statistical significance from Group 3 (mean rankings: Group 5: 141.41; Group 4: 120.18; Group 3: 110.37).

#### Influence of Attitude towards Synthetic Voices

For the purposes of describing the statistical analysis for this factor, respondents are divided into five groups according to their responses on the Likert scale. Group 1 represents those who responded "I hate synthesised voices" while Group 5 is composed of those who responded that synthetic voices are "sometimes more suitable than human voices" in the context of computer games. Group 2 represents respondents who chose "tolerate synthesised voices but prefer human voices"; Group 3 chose "neutral" and Group 4 reported they found synthetic voices "sometimes suitable". This may be seen as categorical data as it may be argued that the progress from 1 to 5 does not represent rank ordered categories or intensity of emotion in respect of synthetic voices generally.

The between-group differences according to the Kruskal-Wallis test were significant for Items 5, 9, 10, 12, 15, 17\_1 and 17\_2 (see Table 5.9) and not significant for the remaining items. See Appendix F1 for the results of the Kruskal-Wallis post hoc tests.

## Item 5: Rate your overall enjoyment of this particular game as a language learning experience.

Item 5 has mean rank rankings which increase in line with one's tolerance towards synthetic voices generally (mean rankings: Group 5: 169.40; Group 4: 146.49; Group 3: 122.16; Group 2: 118.14; Group 1: 58.92). Those who gave the lowest mean ranking for enjoyment of the game were those in Group 1, who 'hated' synthetic voices. There was a highly significant difference between the rankings of Group 1 and those of Groups 2, 3 and 4. Similarly, the mean rankings of Group 2 are significantly lower than those of Groups 3 and 4. (The Kruskal-Wallis test does not show a statistically significant difference between Groups 1 and 5 but one can put this down to the peculiarities of the test as it relates to two low population groups being examined alongside relatively high population groups. Inspection of the mean rankings of Groups 1 and 5 taken as part of the overall between-group differences analysis is most dramatic).

## Item 9: I was more focused on the plot of the game than I was on the language being used.

While there were significant differences between Groups 2 and 3 and Groups 3 and 4 on Item 9, it is difficult to identify any clear pattern in the results. Group 3 had mean rankings significantly below those of Groups 2 and 4 (mean rankings: Group 4:

146.75; Group 2: 139.50; Group 3: 116.30; Group 5: 103.60; Group 1: 84.92). Group 4 had the top ranking which again suggests that those more positive towards the use of synthetic speech in games tended to engage with the game and focus on the plot rather than see it just as a language learning exercise.

There are a number of significant inter-relating factors which come to bear on this item which can only be examined by multivariate analysis (such as multiple regression) of a type not available in non-parametric statistics, i.e. the categories in the scale (Groups 1-5) may have complex inter-relationships with other background factors. Multivariate analysis of the type which would explore these interdependencies are available only for parametric data (Pallant, 2010).

## Item 10: There is a good balance between enjoyment and language learning in this game.

Item 10 shows the mean ranking for the five groups to be in ascending order with Group 1 at the bottom and Group 5 at the top (mean rankings: Group 5: 151.50; Group 4: 141.52; Group 3: 126.78; Group 2: 106.91; Group 1: 90.50). Statistically there is a significant difference between Groups 2 and 4 (H(1) = 6.897, p=0.009\*). This follows the pattern already found for Item 5.

## Item 12: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

The most dramatic results for any item analysed are those of Item 12. The mean rank scores were in ascending order in line with respondents' attitude to synthetic speech generally (mean ranks: Group 5: 181.10; Group 4: 145.04; Group 3: 122.19; Group 2: 117.44; Group 1: 65.50). Group 1, who 'hated' synthetic voices, gave a very low ranking for the speech intelligibility. Their rankings were significantly lower than those of each of the other groups. Group 2 had the next highest mean rank scores but these were significantly lower than the scores of Groups 4 and 5. This result represents strong evidence that one's judgment of particular instances of synthetic speech is highly related to one's preconceived notions of synthetic speech gained from whatever experiences one has had in the past.

## Item 15: In general, I think that computer-generated voices give a better atmosphere to computer games than natural voices do.

Item 15 deals with the proposition that "computer-generated voices give a better atmosphere to computer games than natural voices do". It was decided that this item would be included in the post-game evaluation even if it is closely related to the background factor item on the pre-game questionnaire. The possibility here was that some respondents may have little familiarity with synthetic voices and that the experience of the game may have changed their attitude somewhat. While the pattern of the results is less clear than that of Item 12, nevertheless it is clear that those who had a positive disposition towards synthetic voices before playing *Digichaint* were still most favourable towards the concept that synthetic voices give a better

atmosphere to computer games than natural voices do. The mean rank scores of those in Group 5 were significantly higher than those of Groups 4, 3 and 2 (mean ranks: Group 5: 190.00; Group 4: 147.18; Group 2: 118.36; Group 3: 118.10; Group 1: 127.67). Group 1 showed a less negative disposition for Item 15 than was the case in the pre-game responses. Since numbers are small for this group, it would be unsafe to make any dramatic claims based on this data.

## Item 17\_1: Give your opinion on the usefulness of the concept of producing an interactive language learning game in order to practice Irish.

The mean rankings for each group were in ascending order for this item from Group 1 to Group 5 (mean ranks: Group 5: 158.80; Group 4: 147.91; Group 3: 123.24; Group 2: 115.61; Group 1: 50.33). Those who were least favourably predisposed to synthetic voices were least favourable towards the concept of interactive language learning games, while those who were most favourably disposed to synthetic speech in general were also most favourably disposed towards interactive language learning games. Group 1 ranking was statistically significantly lower than the rankings of all other groups while the rankings of Groups 2 and 3 were significantly lower than the rankings of Group 4.

Item 17\_2: Give your opinion on the quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do you think the voices are adequate for the type of game presented here? Item 17\_2 asks for the opinion on the "quality" of the particular synthetic voices used in *Digichaint* and their "adequacy" for the game. The same pattern as that found in previous items emerged here with the mean rank scores being in ascending order with Group 1 at the bottom and Group 5 at the top (mean ranks: Group 5: 176.50; Group 4: 145.78; Group 3: 119.45; Group 2: 122.59; Group 1: 88.67). This again showed that respondents' predisposition towards synthetic speech seemed to colour their judgment of the quality and adequacy of the synthetic speech being used in *Digichaint*.

#### H2: Fáilte go TCD Statistical Analysis

Appendix H2 follows the structure of Chapter 5.9.3.3.3 (Fáilte go TCD statistical analysis). The precise values referred to below can be seen in Table 5.11 of that chapter.

#### Influence of Gender

Gender reached the level of statistical significance for only one item in the post-game questionnaire. This is Item 10, which asks if respondents experienced "difficulty with the dialects" used in the platform. Boys reported significantly less difficulty than girls in dealing with the dialects used (H(1)=4.107, p=0.043\*). The mean ranks for this item were 140.58 for boys and 120.98 for girls.

#### Influence of Between-School Differences

There are significant between-school differences in six of the thirteen post-game items. These are Items 5, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11\_3 (see Table 5.11 for full details).

## Item 5: Would you enjoy using this type of activity to develop your aural Irish skills, should be available and easily accessible in your school?

Those from English-medium schools showed a much greater enthusiasm for using Fáilte go TCD than did those from the two other school types (mean ranks: English-medium schools: 135.57; Gaeltacht schools: 117.98; Gaelscoileanna: 101.17). The mean rank score for the English-medium schools were significantly higher than those of the Gaelscoileanna (p=0.031\*). There is no significant difference between responses from the Gaelscoil and Gaeltacht school cohort (p=0.228).

## Item 7: Do you think this type of activity would make the learning of Irish more attractive?

A similar trend held for the "attractiveness" of the platform as a means of learning Irish, with those from English-medium schools giving a significantly higher mean attractiveness ranking to the platform (mean ranks: English-medium schools: 135.72; Gaeltacht schools: 120.86; Gaelscoileanna: 89.63).

#### Item 8: The overall standard of Irish used is at about the right level for me.

Item 8 refers to the difficulty level of the language in the platform. There is a significant difference between the Gaelscoileanna responses and the responses from the Gaeltacht (p=0.013\*) and English-medium schools (p=0.005\*). One may refer here to the results discussed in Chapter 5.9.3.2, presented in Appendix E2, which showed 70.2% of the total group thought that the level of Irish was appropriate, and

those who did not think so were about equally divided as to whether it was too easy or too difficult. It is clear from this analysis that those who thought the level of Irish was appropriate tended to come from Gaelscoileanna, those who thought it too easy tended to come from Gaeltacht schools, and those who thought it too difficult tended to come from English-medium schools.

## Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Item 9, referring to "intelligibility" found a significant difference between data from Gaeltacht schools and those from English-medium schools (H(2)=9.589, p=0.002\*). The former gave a significantly higher rating to the clarity of the speech (mean ranks: Gaeltacht schools: 144.71; Gaelscoileanna 128.24; English-medium schools 115.48). This is in line with *Digichaint* results and shows that perceived clarity of the synthetic voice is significantly related to one's overall language ability level.

## Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in the video?

This same pattern applies to Item 10, which shows those from Gaeltacht schools found less difficulty in coping with the dialects used (mean ranks: Gaeltacht schools: 144.79; Gaelscoileanna 137.13; English-medium schools 114.00).

#### Item 11\_3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

Students from Gaeltacht schools also found the synthetic voices more "attractive" than students from the other two school types (mean ranks: Gaeltacht schools: 144.35; Gaelscoileanna 124.98; English-medium schools: 116.21). It is interesting to note that the Gaelscoileanna mean ranking fell between the English-medium schools and Gaeltacht schools and fell short of significant statistical difference from either (p=0.599 and p=0.256 respectively). There was a statistically significant difference, however, between Gaeltacht schools and English-medium schools (p=0.003\*).

#### Influence of Frequency of Playing Computer Games

It may be noted that *Fáilte go TCD*, as presented in this study, does not require manipulation of the figures by the player. It is not surprising, consequently, that the frequency with which respondents play computer games is significantly related to only two of the post-game questionnaire items.

## Item 1: How would you describe your judgment of the background setting and the graphics in the video?

Frequency of playing computer games was significantly related to the respondents' rating of the graphics in the video (H(3)=9.928, p=0.019\*). Those who never played computer games gave the lowest ranking to the graphics (mean ranks: 'seldom play':

137.31; 'play weekly': 123.33; 'play daily': 115.08; 'never play': 102.92). Those who had some familiarity with playing computer games gave a significantly higher rating to the graphics than those who reported 'never' playing (p=0.003\*). There is no statistically significant difference between the frequencies with which one played computer games though the scores show a general tendency for those who play games sometimes, but infrequently, to give a higher ranking to the graphics. It would appear that those who play computer games very frequently have very high expectations of the standards of the graphics.

## Item 11\_1: Please give your opinion on the usefulness of producing graphics with synthesised voices in order to practice aural comprehension.

The pattern shown in Item 1 repeats itself for Item 11\_1. Those who 'never' played computer games had a significantly lower opinion of the usefulness of such a platform while those who 'seldom' played gave the idea a significantly higher mean ranking (mean ranks: 'seldom play': 135.12; 'play weekly': 133.58; 'play daily': 117.25; 'never play': 98.76).

#### Influence of Level of Understanding of Irish

Level of understanding of Irish had a significant statistical relationship with eight of the thirteen items on the post-game questionnaire (see Table 5.11). This makes it a very important factor in determining one's overall evaluation of the platform. As with *Digichaint*, respondents are differentiated according to how they placed themselves on a Likert Scale with those with least competence on point 1 and those with highest competence on point 5.

The numbers showing low Irish ability levels (points 1 and 2 on the Likert scale) are very low and it is therefore considered inappropriate to include them in the discussion of results.

## Item 1: How would you describe your judgment of the background setting and the graphics in the video?

In relation to Item 1, those who reported themselves as having a mid- to high range Irish ability level (Groups 3 and 4) showed the highest mean ranking for the quality of the graphics (mean ranks: Group 4: 137.77; Group 3: 135.94; Group 5: 115.40). This would appear to be related to the level of engagement one has with the platform. Those with the highest level of Irish language comprehension showed least engagement with the platform and gave a significantly lower ranking to the quality of its graphics.

## Item 3: To what extent do the movements of the characters add credibility and clarity to the conversational exchanges?

Those who put themselves at point 4 of the Likert scale in relation to their level of understanding of Irish gave the highest mean ranking to the importance of the movements of the characters as a means of adding credibility and clarity to the conversational exchanges (mean ranks: Group 4: 139.20; Group 5: 121.97; Group 3: 115.28). Again, those at the top level (Group 5) gave a somewhat lesser mean ranking to Group 4, though the difference was not statistically different (p=075).

## Item 7: Do you think this type of activity would make the learning of Irish more attractive?

When Groups 1 and 2 are excluded from the analysis there is no significant differences between the other three groups in relation to Item 7. There was a tendency for those in Group 5 to give a lower mean ranking to this attraction but the difference was not statistically significant (mean ranks: Group 3: 134.87; Group 4: 133.87; Group 5: 116.40).

#### Item 8: The overall standard of the Irish used is at about the right level for me.

Item 8 refers to the appropriateness of the level of Irish. When Groups 1 and 2 are excluded from the analysis there is no significant differences between the remaining three groups in their satisfaction rating with the appropriateness of the level of Irish used in the platform. The mean rank scores are: Group 5: 134.38; Group 4: 129.67; Group 3: 117.21.

## Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Item 9 refers to the "intelligibility" of the synthetic speech. The mean ranking of the clarity and intelligibility of the synthetic speech is directly related to one's Irish language ability with Group 5 giving a significantly higher ranking to the clarity and intelligibility of the speech than those in Group 3 (p=0.004\*). The mean rank scores are Group 5: 139.77; Group 4: 130.96; Group 3: 103.17.

#### Item 11 3: Please give you opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

The pattern was repeated for Item  $11_3$  which asked for respondents' opinions on the attractiveness of the synthetic voices. Again Group 5 respondents gave it a significantly higher ranking than did those in Group 3 (p=0.010\*). The mean rank scores are Group 5: 138.90; Group 4: 129.14; Group 3: 105.77.

## Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in the video?

In relation to the dialects in the synthetic speech Group 4 experienced significantly less difficulties than did Group 3 (p=0.019\*). Group 5 had less difficulties than Group 4 but this fell just short of statistical significance (p=0.050). This supports the general trend that the higher one's language ability, the less difficulty they experienced with the dialects used in the platform (mean ranks: Group 5: 146.98; Group 4: 127.71; Group 3: 99.24).

## Item 11\_1: Please give your opinion on the usefulness of producing graphics with synthesised voices in order to practice aural comprehension.

When Groups 1 and 2 are excluded from the analysis there is no significant difference between the remaining three groups in relation to their opinions on the usefulness of a platform of this type as a means of developing aural comprehension skills. While there is a tendency for those at the top level to be less favourable towards such a platform (mean ranks: Group 3: 134.54; Group 4 132.48; Group 5: 119.43), this tendency did not reach statistical significance.

#### Influence of Attitude towards Synthetic Voices

Predisposition towards synthetic voices is the background factor which is most strongly related to almost all the post-game questionnaire items. There are just two items where the relationship has not reached statistical significance (Items 2 and 8). The pattern of the relationship remained constant for each of the items with mean rank scores for Group 5 (those who responded that "synthesised voices are sometimes more suitable than human voices") higher than those for Group 4 (synthesised voices "sometimes suitable"), which in turn were higher than those for Group 3 ("neutral"), etc. The precise breakdown of these results is shown in Appendix F2.

A respondent's acceptance of the various aspects of the platform was in direct proportion to their predisposition to synthetic speech generally. Those with a negative predisposition towards the TTS synthetic voices gave a very low ranking to graphics, movement, usefulness of platform and the motivational value of the platform. They also gave a lower ranking to the quality and intelligibility of the synthetic voices as well as expressing difficulties with the dialects used. They had a low ranking for the usefulness of a platform such as this for practicing aural comprehension skills and for the quality and attractiveness of the voices. One's rank ordering of all these factors increased according to how one viewed synthetic speech as reported on the Likert scale in the pre-game questionnaire.

#### H3: Taidhgín Statistical Analysis

Appendix H3 follows the structure of Chapter 5.9.3.3.4 (*Taidhgín statistical analysis*) The precise values referred to below can be seen in Table 5.13 of that chapter.

#### Influence of Gender

Gender has a significant relationship with three of the thirteen post-game items. These were Items 4 (H(1)=5.143, p=0.02\*), 9 (H(1)=5.135, p=0.02\*) and 10 (H(1)=7.243, p=0.01\*).

Item 4: To what extent to do you think this type of learning platforms (i.e. the interaction and playfulness) would help in practicing conversational Irish? Item 4 asked about the "usefulness" of this type of playful interactive platform as a help to practicing conversational Irish. The mean ranking for girls was significantly higher than that for boys, meaning that girls tended to prefer the platform to boys (mean ranks: girls: 120.00; boys: 99.78).

## Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Interestingly, boys gave a significantly higher ranking to the clarity and intelligibility of the synthesised voice in Item 9 (mean ranks: boys: 129.24; girls: 108.99).

## Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in *Taidhgín*?

Boys also reported experiencing significantly less difficulty than girls in dealing with the dialects used in *Taidhgin* (mean ranks: boys: 132.50; girls: 107.78).

#### Influence of Between-School Differences

Between-school differences are significant for Items 3, 4, 5, 6, 10 and 11\_3 (see Table 5.13) with no significant differences showing for the remaining items.

## Item 3: How would you describe the movements of the talking monkey and their alignment to speech?

Item 3 refers to respondents' opinions of the quality of the "movements of the monkey and their alignment to speech". Results show the mean rank scores from Gaelscoileanna respondents to be significantly lower than either of the other two school types (mean ranks: Gaeltacht schools: 122.48; English-medium schools: 114.65; Gaelscoileanna: 84.59).

## Item 4: To what extent do you think this type of learning platform (i.e. the interaction and playfulness) would help in practicing conversational Irish?

Responses from pupils in Gaelscoileanna are similarly significantly less positive than English-medium schools to the question of the "usefulness of this type of platform for conversation practice". English-medium schools gave a significantly higher mean ranking than either Gaelscoileanna (p=0.001\*) or Gaeltacht schools (p=0.002\*). This would suggest that pupils from English-medium schools would appreciate a virtual conversational partner because of their lack of opportunities of having a human conversational partner, unlike those from Gaelscoileanna or Gaeltacht schools.

## Item 5: Would you use a virtual conversation partner (like the talking monkey) should it be available and easily accessible in your school?

This position is further supported in the responses to Item 5. Those from the English-medium schools had a significantly higher positive mean ranking than both Gaelscoileanna (p=0.011\*) and Gaeltacht schools (p=0.001\*). Mean rank score were English-medium schools: 126.96; Gaeltacht schools: 104.86; Gaelscoileanna: 78.16.

#### Item 6: To what extent would you be motivated by this type of activity?

Respondents from English-medium schools also found the platform more motivating than was the case for the other school types (mean ranks: English-medium schools: 123.45; Gaeltacht schools: 112.43; Gaelscoileanna: 70.75).

## Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in *Taidhgín*?

As was the case for the results from *Digichaint* and *Fáilte go TCD*, pupils from Gaeltacht schools showed 'less difficulty' in understanding the dialects used, which suggests that those with a higher level of Irish language comprehension have fewer problems in dealing with dialectal variation (mean ranks: English-medium schools: 100.15; Gaelscoileanna: 104.82; Gaeltacht schools: 139.76).

#### Item 11 3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

Pupils from Gaeltacht schools found the synthesised voices significantly more attractive than did those from the other two school types (mean ranks: Gaeltacht schools: 127.78; English-medium schools: 109.16; Gaelscoileanna: 96.82).

#### Influence of Frequency of Playing Computer Games

Frequency of playing computer games had a significant relationship with three post-game items, namely Items 9, 11 2 and 11 3.

## Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Item 9 refers to the "clarity and intelligibility of the synthesised voices". Those who reported that they 'never' played computer games found the synthetic voices significantly less clear and intelligible than did those who played regularly. This replicates the result got from the corresponding item in *Digichaint* and can be most likely seen as showing that some familiarity with gaming made the experience of dealing with *Taidhgin* more positive, which in turn led to greater positivity towards the synthetic voices (mean ranks: 'play weekly': 138.44; 'play daily': 134.65; 'seldom play': 108.67; 'never play': 103.95).

## Item 11\_2: Please give your opinion on the quality of the synthesised voices: to what extent do you think the voices are adequate for the type of learning platform presented here?

There is also greater positivity amongst more frequent computer game players towards the "adequacy of the synthesised voice" for a platform such as *Taidhgín* (mean ranks: 'play weekly': 139.27; 'play daily': 116.56; 'seldom play': 116.56; 'never play': 91.17).

#### Item 11\_3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices.

The highest mean rank scores with regard to the "attractiveness" of the voices are also from the more frequent computer game players (mean ranks: 'play weekly': 124.43; 'seldom play': 121.02'; 'play daily': 97.06; 'never play': 95.37).

#### Influence of Level of Understanding of Irish

virtual conversational partner.

Level of understanding of Irish had a significant statistical relationship with Items 4, 5, 6 and 10 from the post-game questionnaire. Again, those who rated themselves at the lowest Irish language ability levels (points 1 and 2 on the Likert scale) are being excluded from the present discussion as numbers are very low and it is unsafe to draw any conclusions from this data.

# Item 4: To what extent do you think this type of learning platform (i.e. the interaction and playfulness) would help in practicing conversational Irish? Those with the highest levels of Irish were least likely to see a *Taidhgin*-type platform "useful" as conversational partner (mean ranks: Group 3: 141.17; Group 4: 118.02; Group 5: 98.55). These are pupils from Gaeltacht schools and Gaelscoileanna and this result is something of a duplication of the between-school type results which found that pupils from these latter school types were less enthusiastic about the platform as a

Item 5: Would you use a virtual conversation partner (like the talking monkey) should it be available and easily accessible in your school?

Similarly, those with the highest levels of Irish felt that they would be less likely to use this type of platform as a virtual conversational partner even if it was readily available (mean ranks: Group 3: 148.21; Group 4: 119.21; Group 5: 94.97).

#### Item 6: To what extent would you be motivated by this type of activity?

The group with the highest mean rank scores for the motivational capacity of this type of platform were those who put themselves midpoint in the Likert scale of language ability (mean ranks: Group 3: 139.83; Group 4: 115.09; Group 5: 104.53). These were most likely coming from English-medium schools. The assertion that those with the highest level of Irish were least positive towards a platform such as *Taidhgín*, which was made above in respect of between-school differences, is further supported by the data from Item 6.

## Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in *Taidhgín*?

Again, those with the highest language ability found least problems in dealing with the dialects used, as was the case with both other platforms (mean ranks: Group 5: 130.85; Group 3: 122.53; Group 4: 99.66).

#### Influence of Attitude towards Synthetic Voices

One's general attitude towards synthetic voices had an influence on six of the *Taidhgin* post-game items. Significant relationships are noted in Items 1, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11\_3 (see Table 5.13). In the discussion below, Group 5 is composed of those who responded that synthetic voices are "sometimes more suitable than human voices" in the context of computer games. Group 4 respondents reported they found synthetic voices "sometimes suitable", Group 3 chose "neutral", Group 2 represents respondents who chose "tolerate synthesised voices but prefer human voices" and Group 1 represents those who responded "I hate synthesised voices".

## Item 1: Do you feel the graphic display (the talking monkey) is suitable for this type of game/activity?

The results from this item show that those with a positive predisposition towards synthetic voices were also positive about the graphics (mean ranks: Group 4: 135.99; Group 5: 129.00; Group 2: 116.32; Group 1: 105.15; Group 2: 116.32).

# Item 6: To what extent would you be motivated by this type of activity? Those with a positive predisposition towards synthetic voices also found that this type of virtual dialogue partner would be "motivational" for them as a study aid (mean ranks: Group 5: 152.75; Group 4: 131.48; Group 2: 120.18; Group 3: 104.35; Group 1: 92.10).

Item 8: The overall standard of the Irish used by *Taidhgín* is at about the right level for me.

Those with a positive predisposition towards synthetic speech were also more likely to have come from English-medium schools. They tended towards reporting that the level of Irish used in the platform was 'suitable' for them (mean ranks: Group 5: 205.50; Group 4: 127.62; Group 2: 116.91; Group 3: 107.86; Group 1: 80.70). This may reflect a lower difficulty level in the language used in *Taidhgín* compared to the other two platforms and a greater familiarity with the limited topics covered.

## Item 9: The synthesised voices were sufficiently clear to make the speech intelligible.

Positive predisposition towards synthetic voices was also significantly related to judgments on the "clarity and intelligibility of the voice" in *Taidhgín* (mean ranks: Group 5: 207.50; Group 4: 133.98; Group 3: 108.38; Group 2: 102.90; Group 1: 99.15).

## Item 10: Did you experience particular difficulties with the dialects that are used in *Taidhgín*?

Respondents with a positive predisposition were significantly less likely to experience "difficulty with the dialects used" (mean ranks: Group 5: 206.00; Group 4: 133.43; Group 2: 119.04; Group 3: 102.18; Group 1: 98.90).

# Item 11\_3: Please give your opinion on the attractiveness of the voices. A general positive disposition was associated with a significantly stronger mean ranking on the "attractiveness" of the synthetic voice used in *Taidhgín* (mean ranks: Group 5: 151.50; Group 4: 133.45; Group 2: 112.58; Group 3: 106.98; Group 1:

85.50).